

Supporting Information for

Constructing Built-In Electric Fields with Semiconductor Junctions and Schottky Junctions Based on Mo-MXene/Mo-Metal Sulfides for Electromagnetic Response

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S1 RCS Simulation Process

CST Studio Suite 2022 was employed to simulate the Radar Cross-Section (RCS) of MXene/Mo-metal sulfides (metal = Sn, Fe, Mn, Co, Ni, Zn, and Cu). Typically, the perfect electric conductor (PEC) model with a base area of 200 mm × 200 mm is established, while the PEC surface (200 mm × 200 mm) is coated with a wave absorption material. The model plate was placed on the XOY plane, the linearly polarized plane electromagnetic wave was incident from the positive direction of the Z axis to the negative direction of the Z axis, and the electric polarization direction propagates along the X axis. Open boundary conditions are set in all directions. The scattering direction is determined by theta and phi in spherical coordinates. RCS can be defined as:

$$\sigma \text{ (dB m}^2\text{)} = 10\log\{(4\pi S/\lambda^2)(|E_s/E_i|)\}^2$$

where S , λ , E_s , and E_i represent the area of the simulation model, the wavelength of electromagnetic wave, the electric field intensity of scattered wave and the incident wave, respectively.

S2 DFT Simulation Process

We utilized first-principles to conduct Spin-polarization density functional theory (DFT) calculations within the generalized gradient approximation (GGA) based on the Perdew-Burke-Ernzerhof (PBE) formulation [S1-S3]. The projected augmented wave (PAW) potentials were chosen to represent the ionic cores and consider valence electrons using a plane wave basis set with a kinetic energy cutoff of 450 eV [S4, S5]. Van der Waals interactions were included using the DFT-D3 method developed by Grimme [S6, S7]. The electronic energy was deemed self-consistent if the energy change was less than 10^{-5} eV. A geometry optimization was deemed converged when the energy change was below 0.02 eV Å⁻¹. Throughout the relaxation process, a $1 \times 1 \times 1$ Gamma centered grid was employed in the Brillouin zone. A 15 Å vacuum layer was typically added to the surface to eliminate artificial interactions between periodic images. Spin-polarized calculations were carried out in this study.

S3 Supplementary Figures and Tables

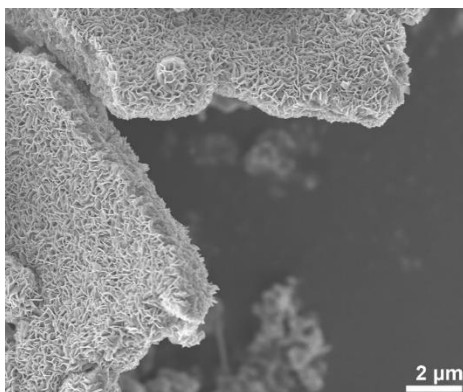


Fig. S1 SEM images of Mo-MXene/MoS₂

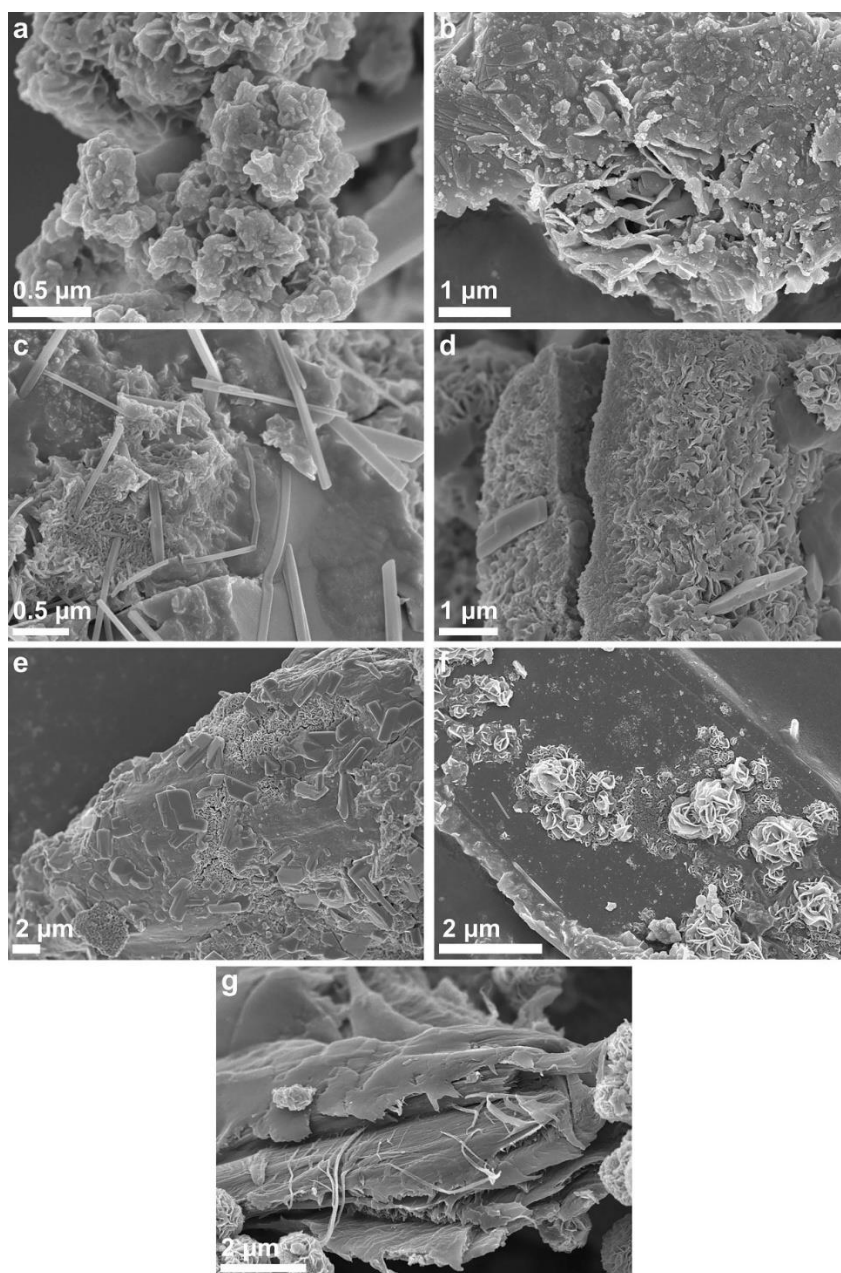


Fig. S2 SEM images of (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mo-Fe sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Mn sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Mo-Co sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Mo-Ni sulfide, (f) Mo-MXene/Mo-Zn sulfide, and (g) Mo-MXene/Mo-Cu sulfide

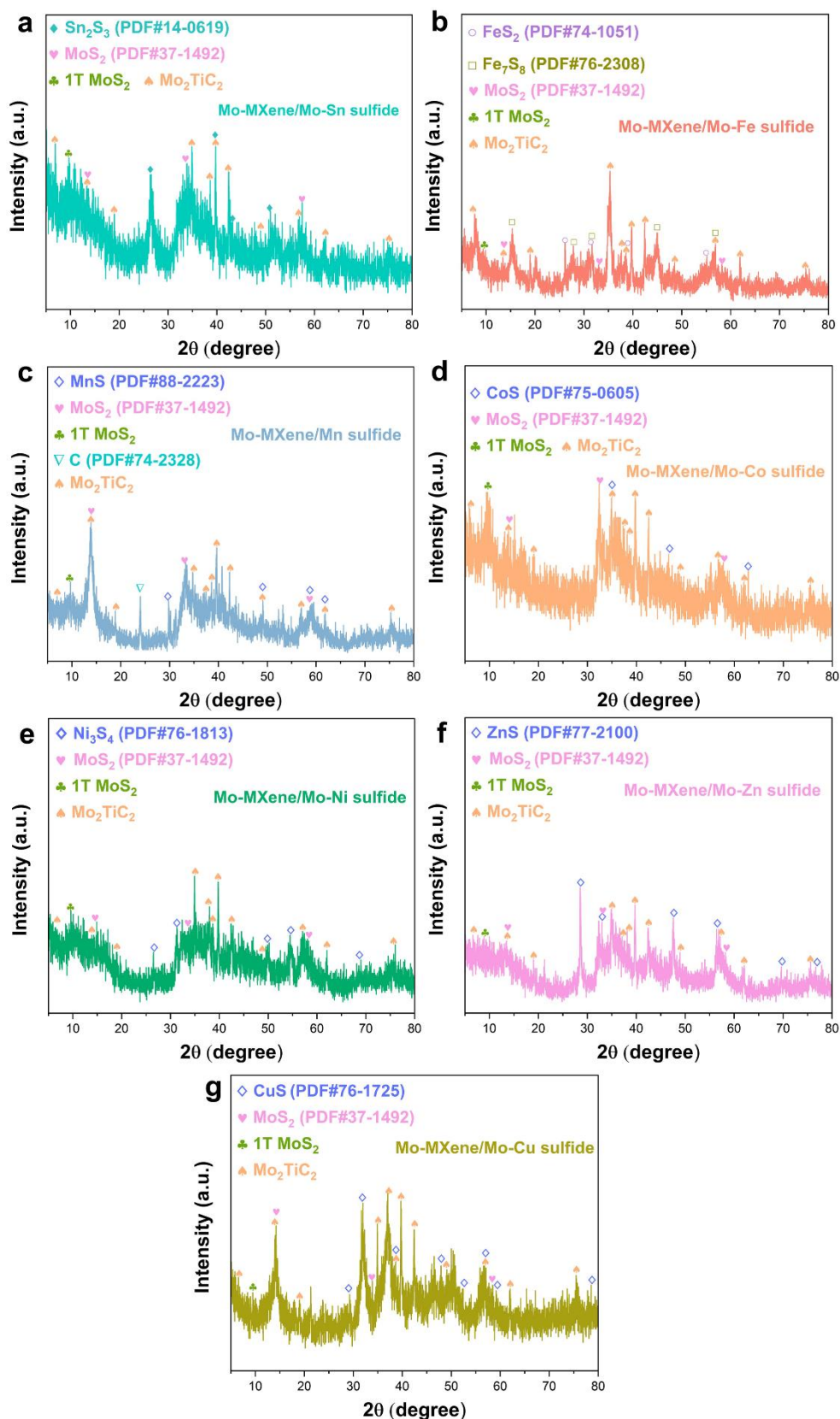


Fig. S3 XRD patterns of (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mo-Fe sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Mn sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Mo-Co sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Mo-Ni sulfide, (f) Mo-MXene/Mo-Zn sulfide, and (g) Mo-MXene/Mo-Cu sulfide

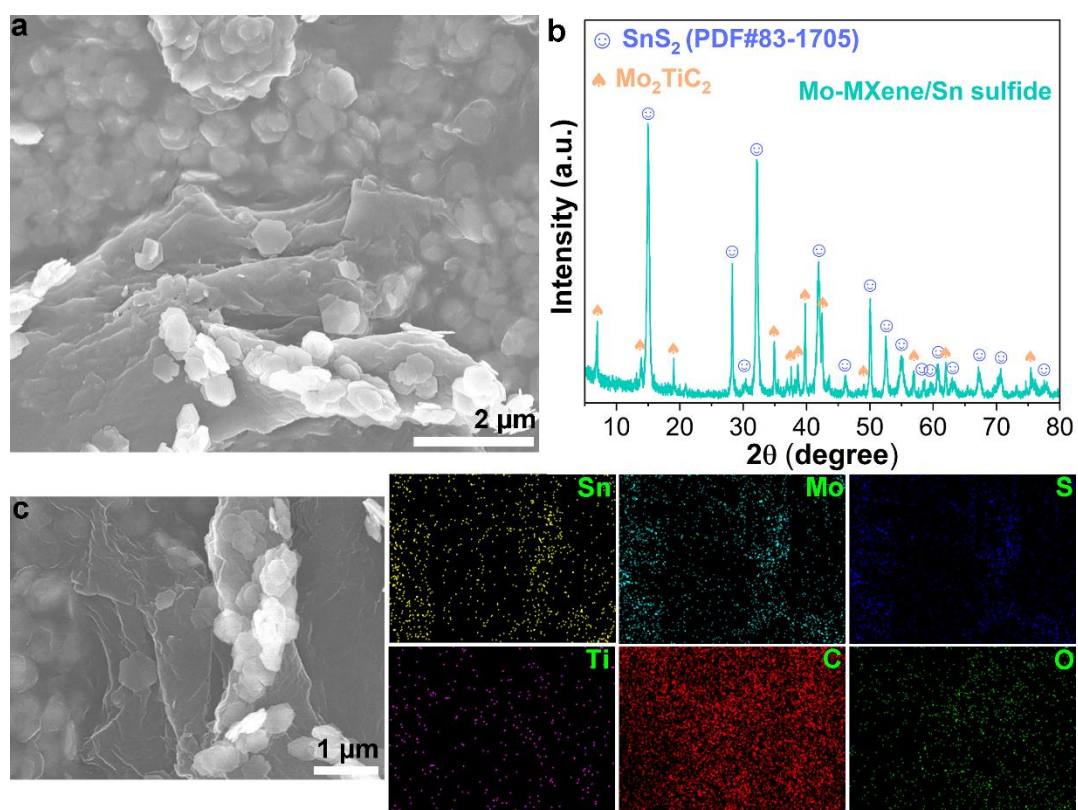


Fig. S4 (a) SEM image, (b) XRD pattern, and (c) EDS mapping image of Mo-MXene/Sn sulfide

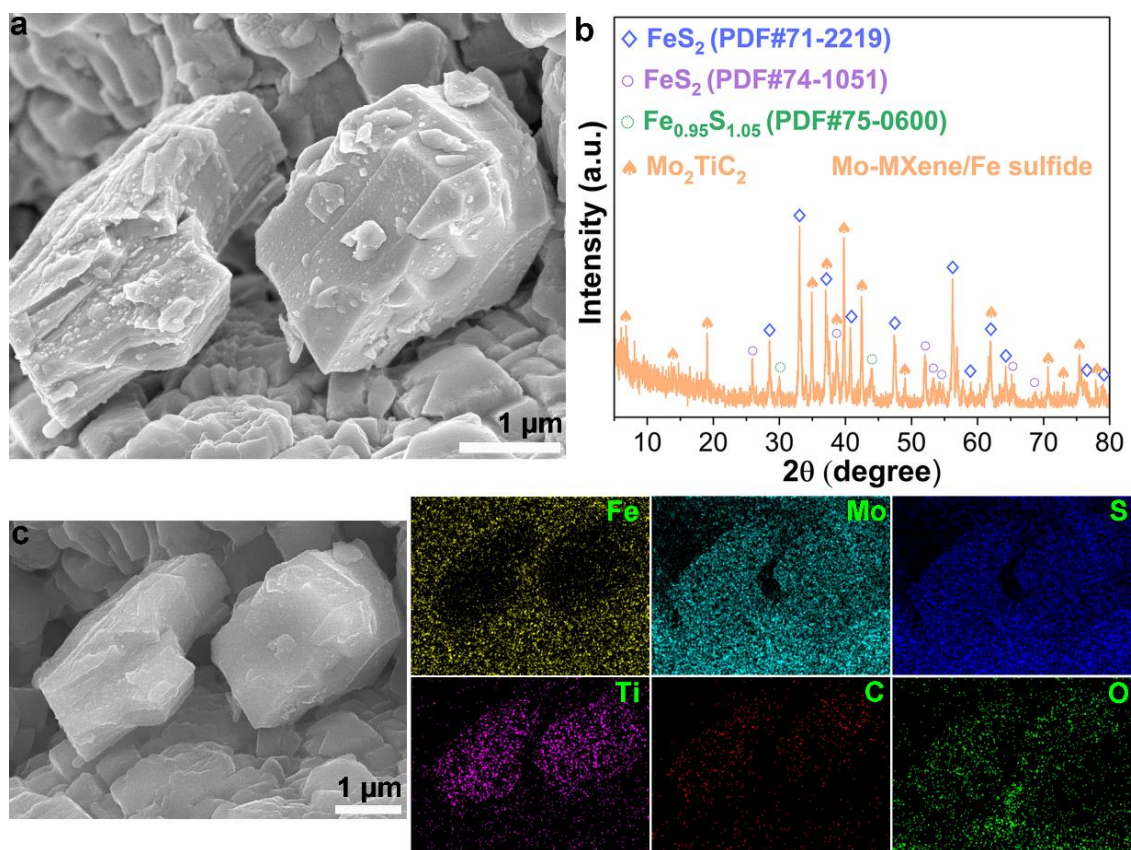


Fig. S5 (a) SEM image, (b) XRD pattern, and (c) EDS mapping image of Mo-MXene/Fe sulfide

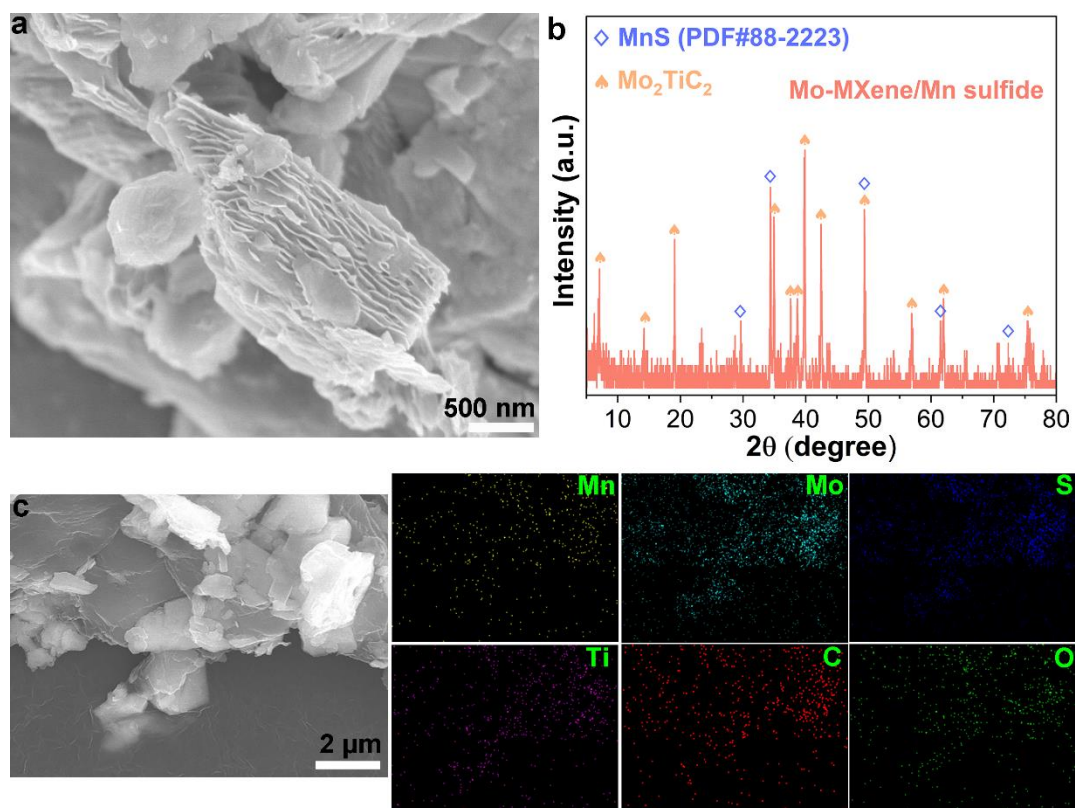


Fig. S6 (a) SEM image, (b) XRD pattern, and (c) EDS mapping image of Mo-MXene/Mn sulfide

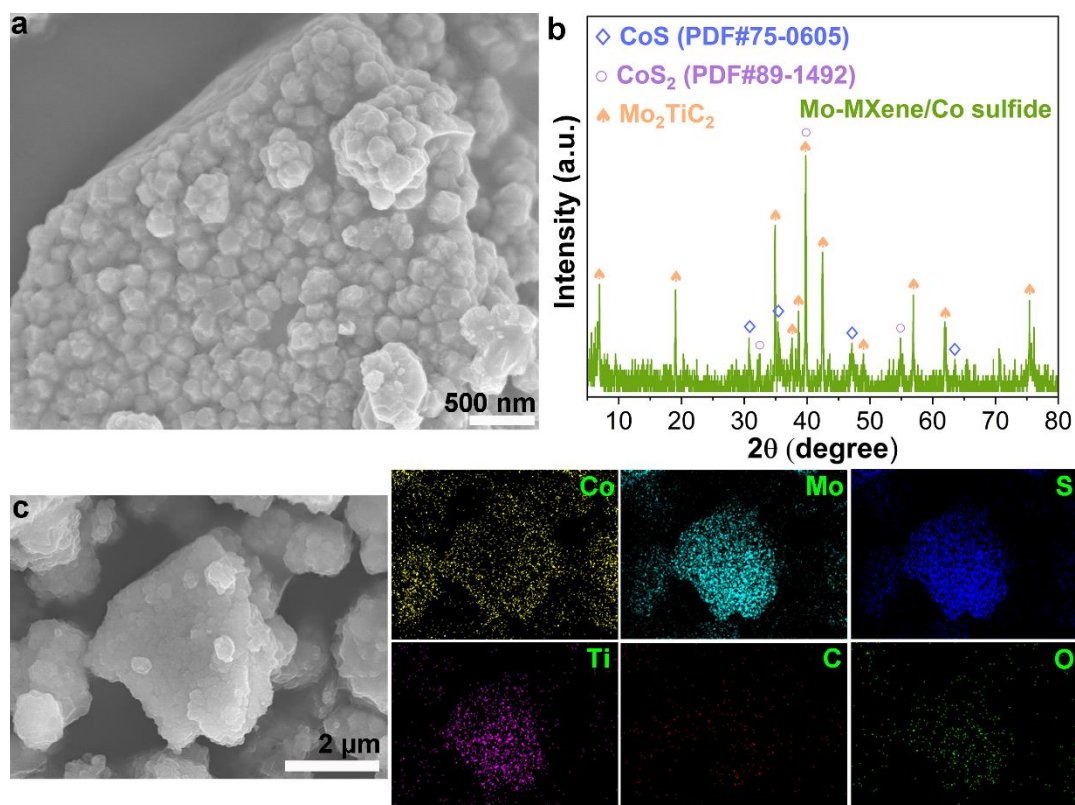


Fig. S7 (a) SEM image, (b) XRD pattern, and (c) EDS mapping image of Mo-MXene/Co sulfide

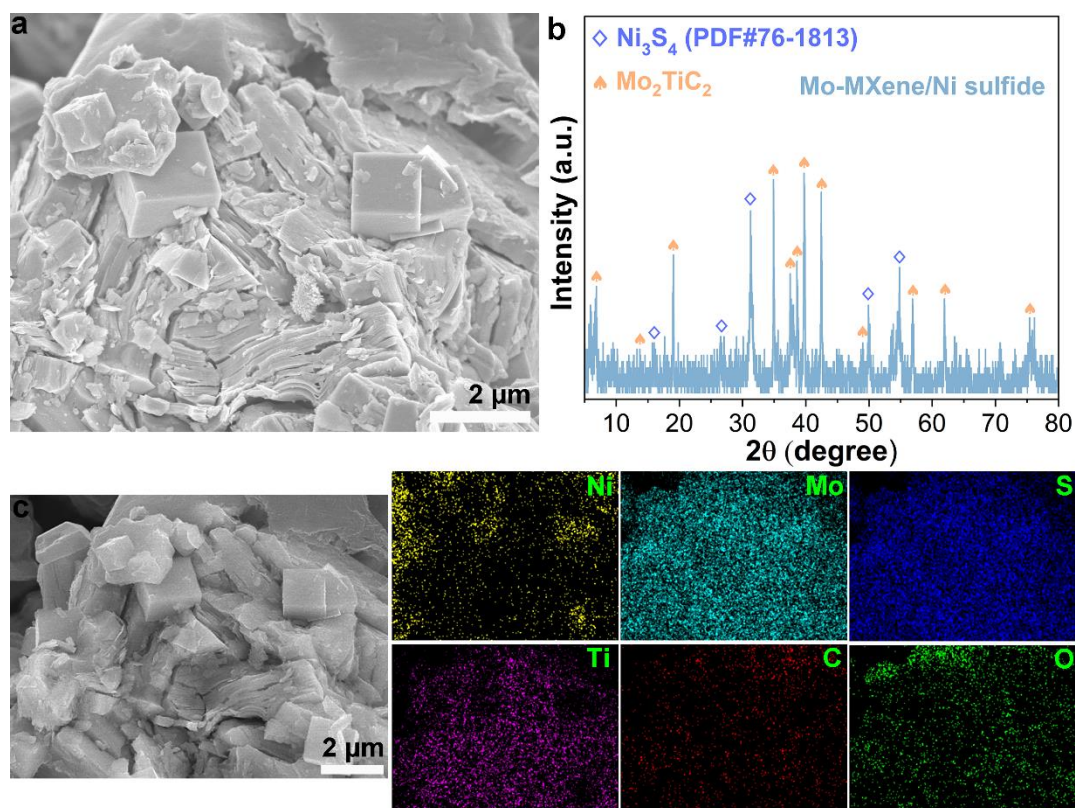


Fig. S8 (a) SEM image, (b) XRD pattern, and (c) EDS mapping image of Mo-MXene/Ni sulfide

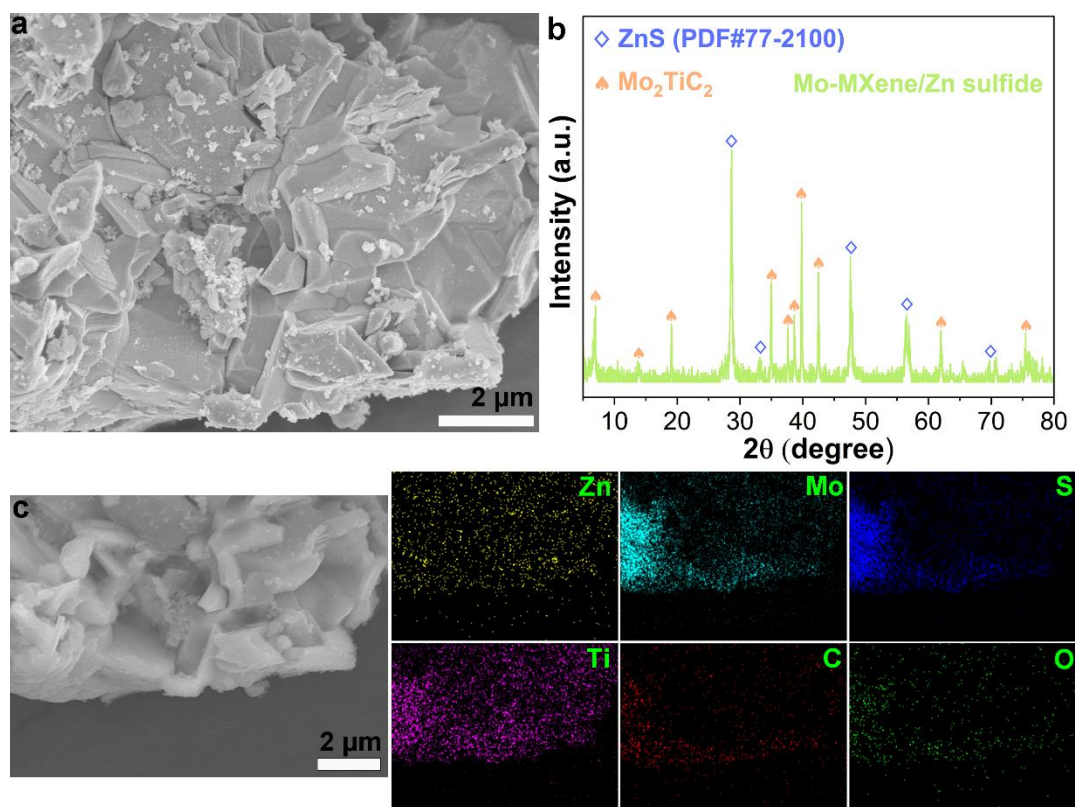


Fig. S9 (a) SEM image, (b) XRD pattern, and (c) EDS mapping image of Mo-MXene/Zn sulfide

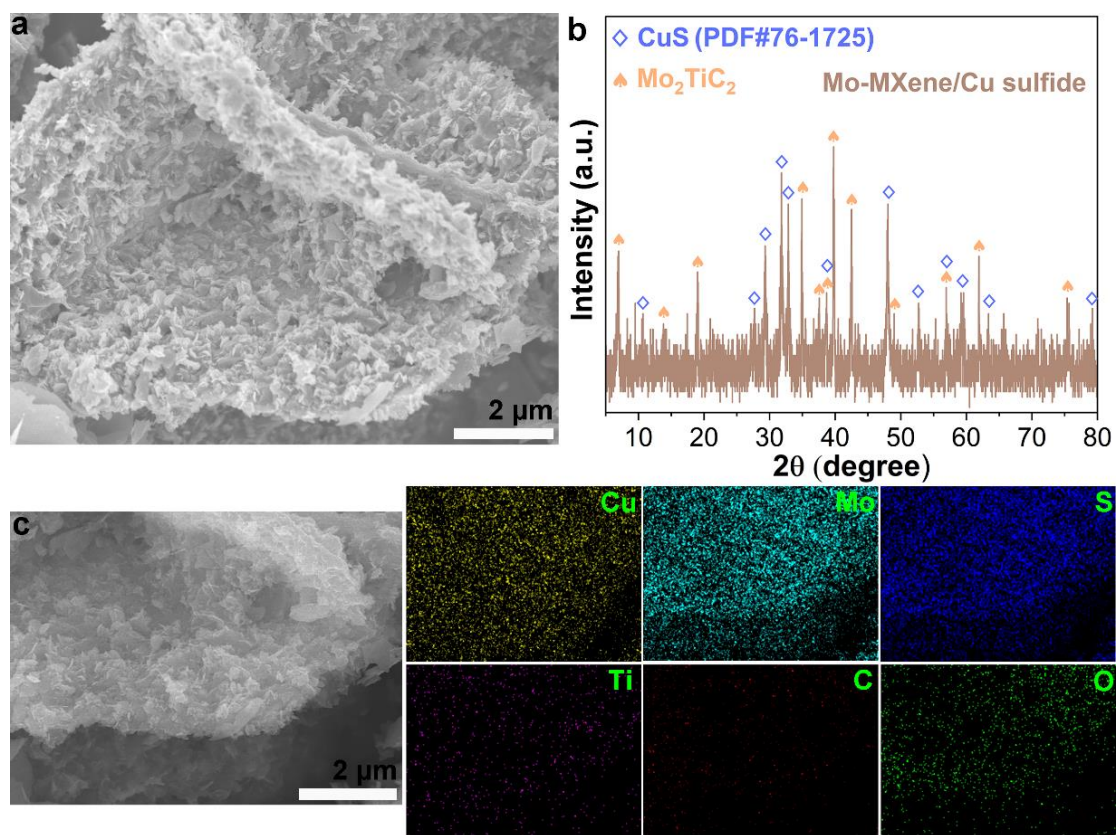


Fig. S10 (a) SEM image, (b) XRD pattern, and (c) EDS mapping image of Mo-MXene/Cu sulfide

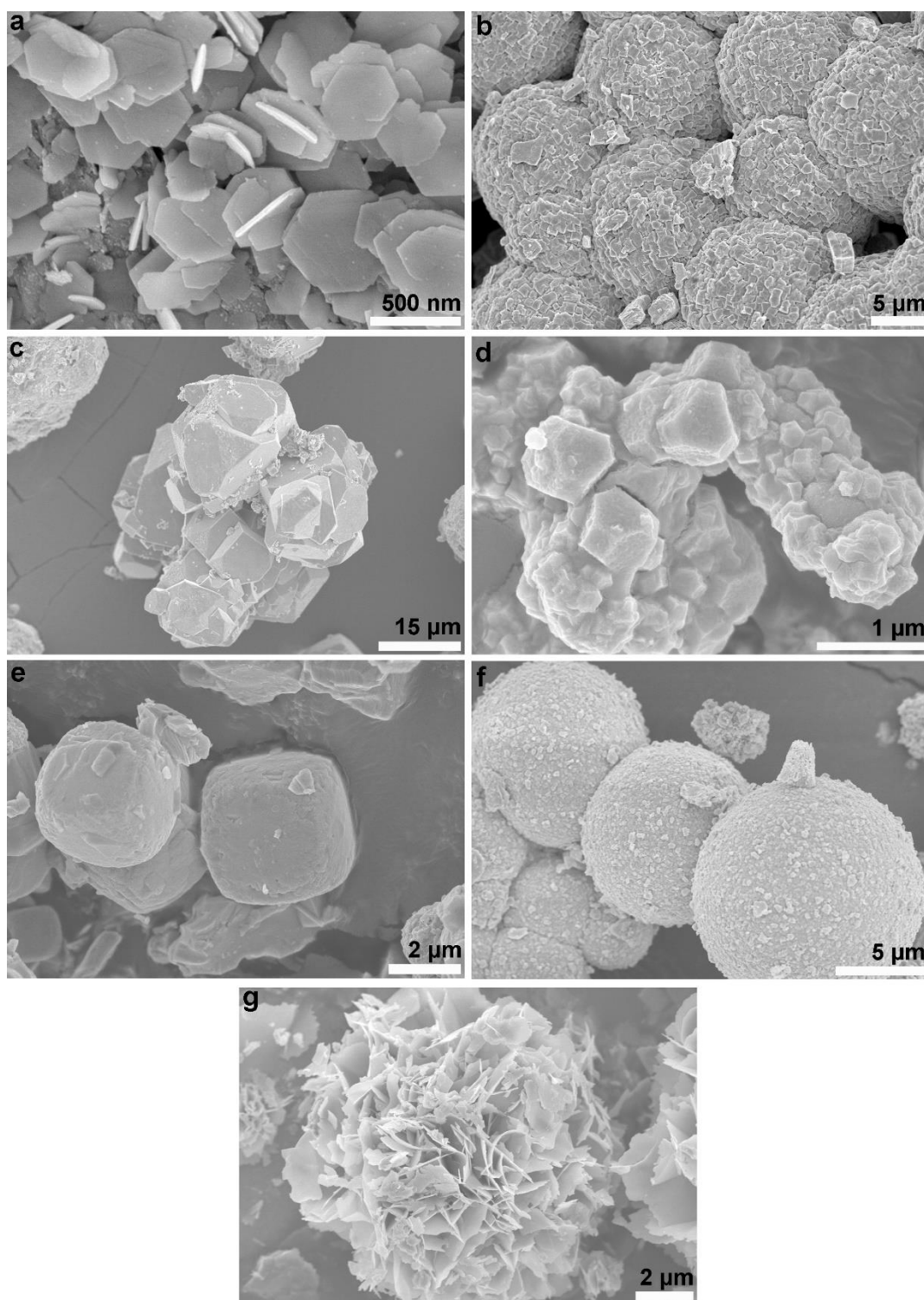


Fig. S11 SEM images for (a) Sn sulfide, (b) Fe sulfide, (c) Mn sulfide, (d) Co sulfide, (e) Ni sulfide, (f) Zn sulfide, and (g) Cu sulfide

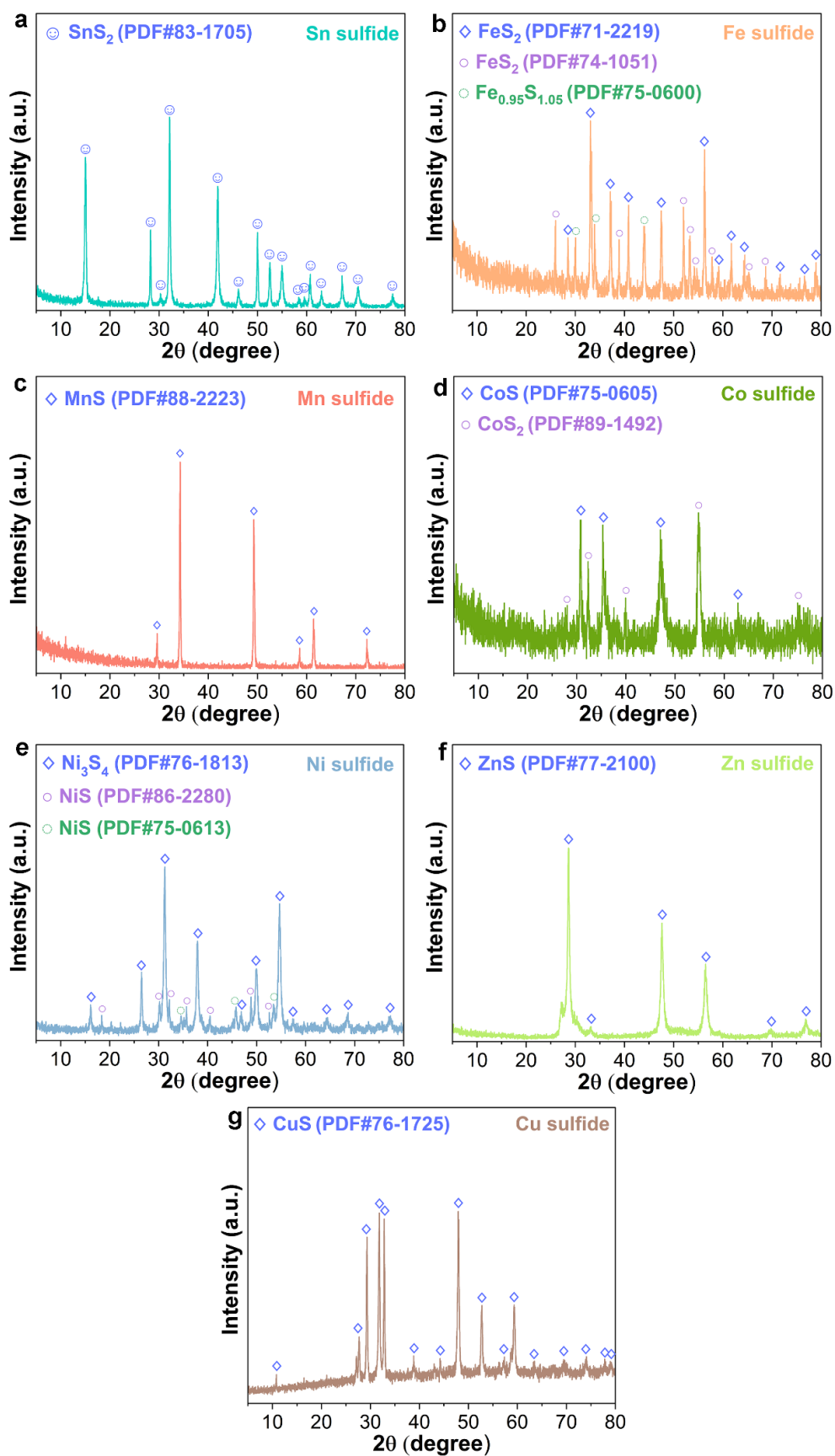


Fig. S12 XRD patterns of (a) Sn sulfide, (b) Fe sulfide, (c) Mn sulfide, (d) Co sulfide, (e) Ni sulfide, (f) Zn sulfide, and (g) Cu sulfide

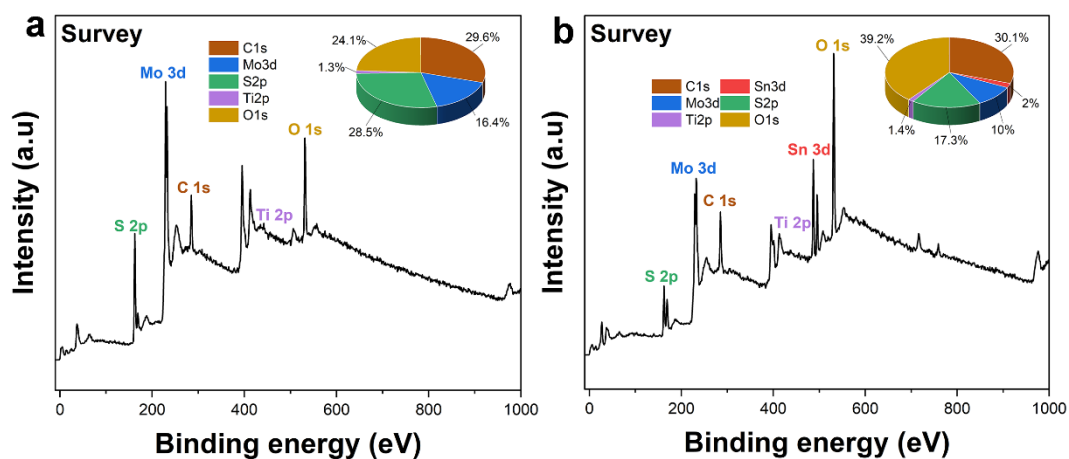


Fig. S13 XPS survey spectra of (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide and (b) Mo-MXene/MoS₂

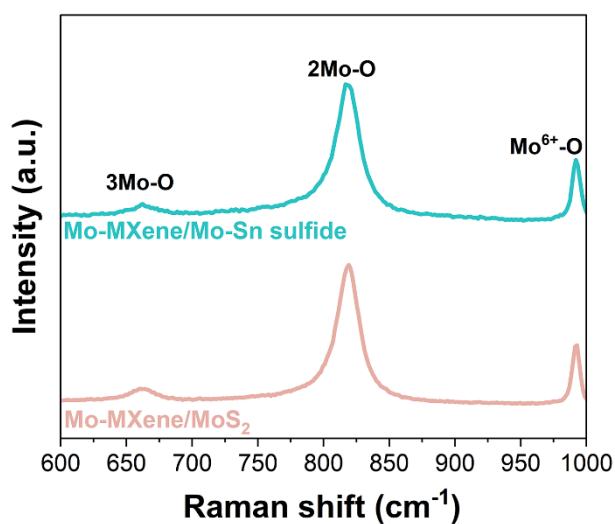


Fig. S14 Raman spectra of Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide and Mo-MXene/MoS₂

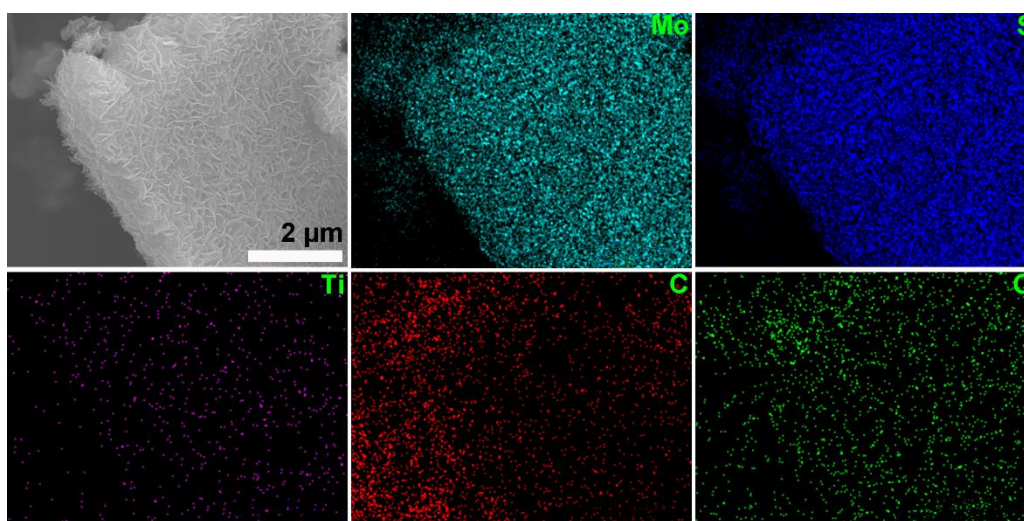


Fig. S15 EDS elemental mapping images of Mo-MXene/MoS₂

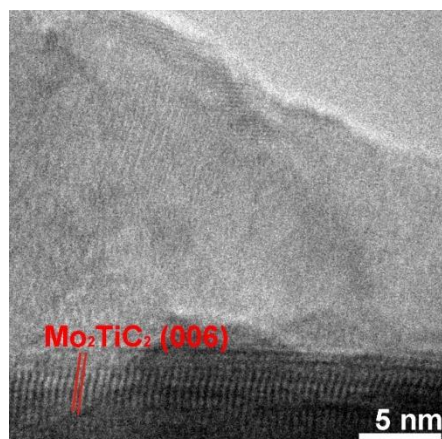


Fig. S16 HRTEM images of Mo-MXene/MoS₂

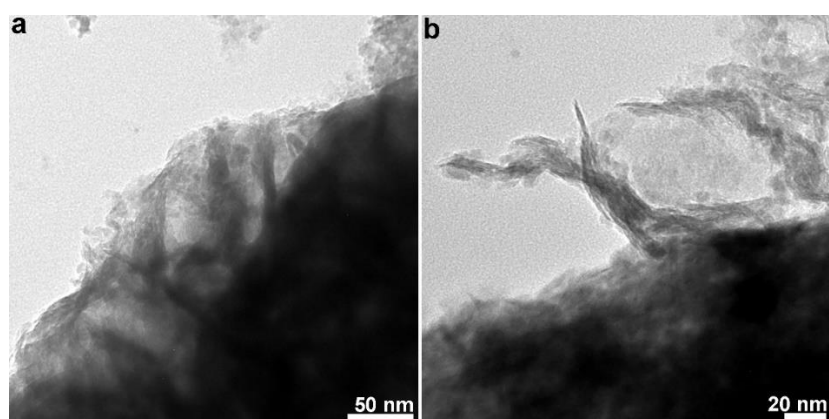


Fig. S17 TEM images of Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide

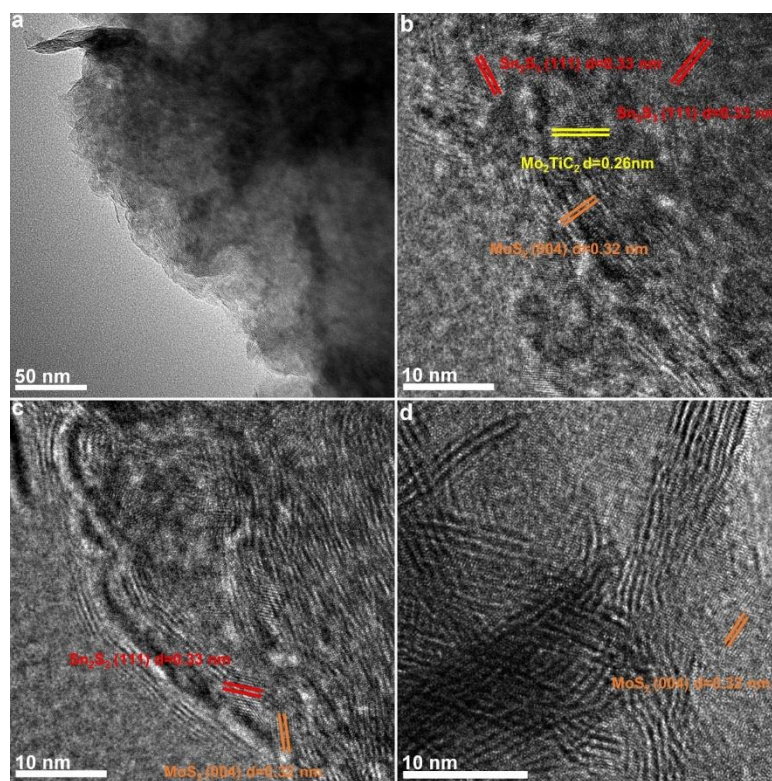


Fig. S18 (a) TEM and (b-d) HRTEM images of Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide

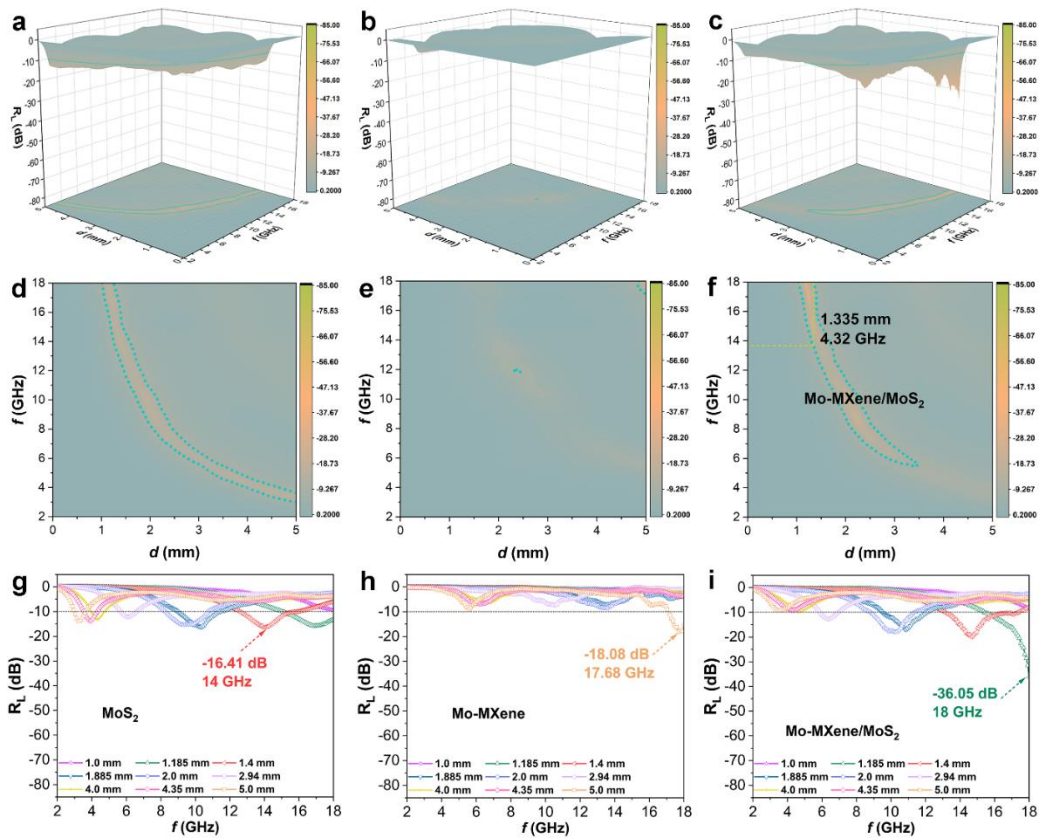


Fig. S19 (a-c) 3D R_L values, (d-f) 2D contour maps, and (g-i) 2D R_L values of (a, d, g) MoS_2 , (b, e, h) Mo-MXene, and (c, f, i) Mo-MXene/ MoS_2

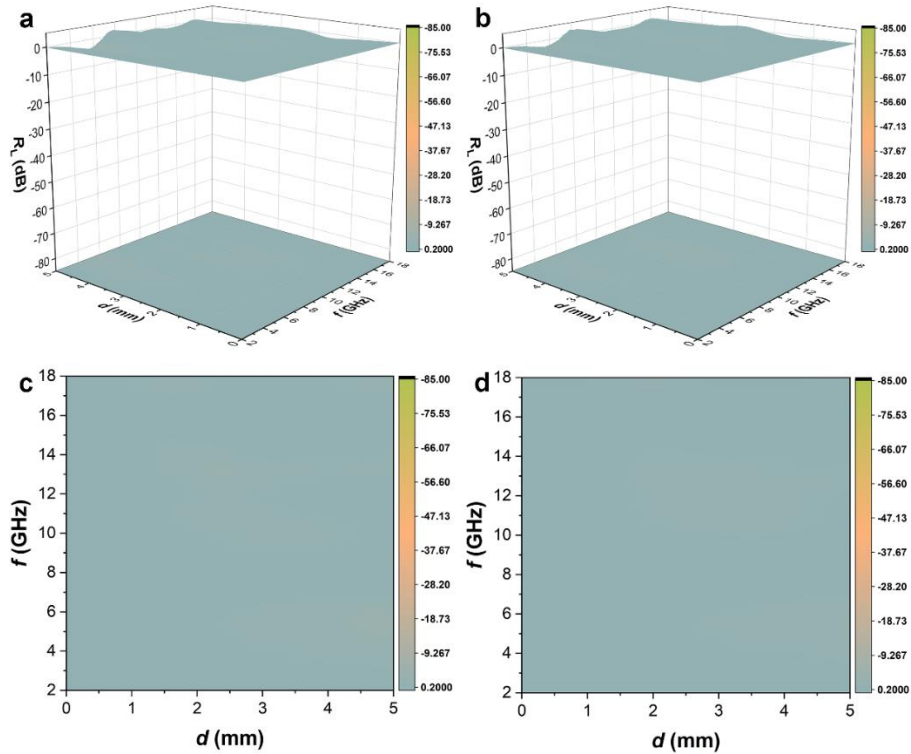


Fig. S20 (a, b) 3D R_L values and (c, d) 2D contour maps of (a, c) Mo-MXene/Sn sulfide and (b, d) Sn sulfide

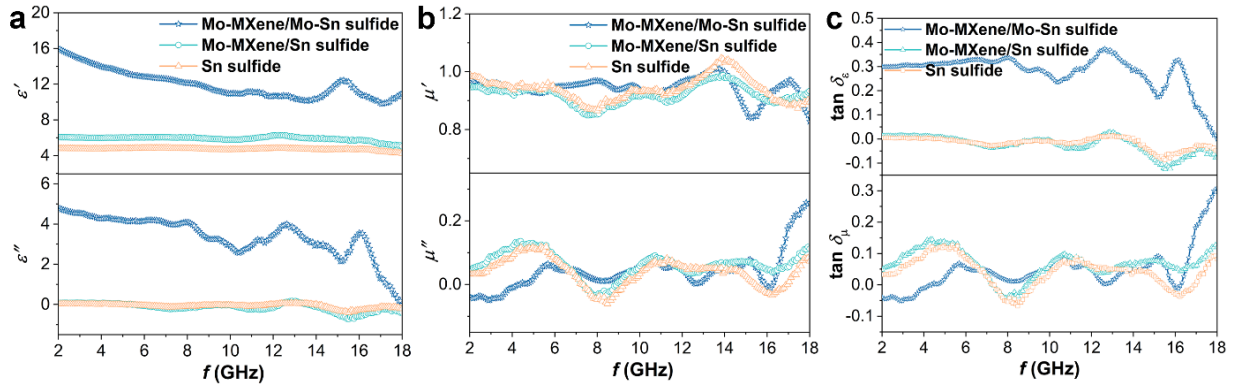


Fig. S21 (a) Permittivity, (b) permeability, and (c) $\tan \delta_\epsilon$ and $\tan \delta_\mu$ values of Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide, Mo-MXene/Sn sulfide, and Sn sulfide

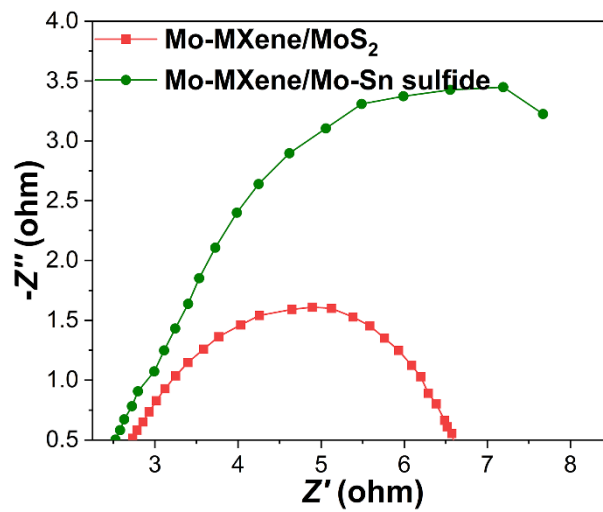


Fig. S22 Nyquist plots of Mo-MXene/MoS₂ and Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide

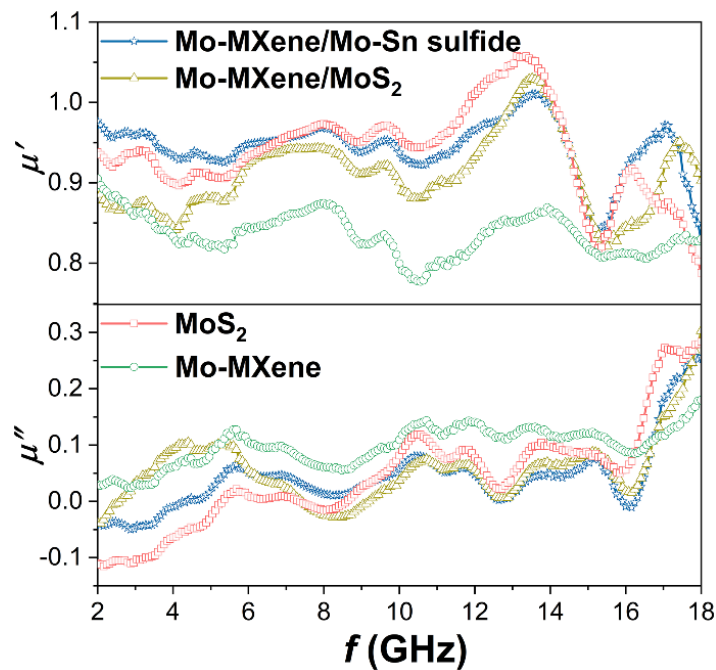


Fig. S23 Permeability of MoS₂, Mo-MXene, Mo-MXene/MoS₂, and Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide

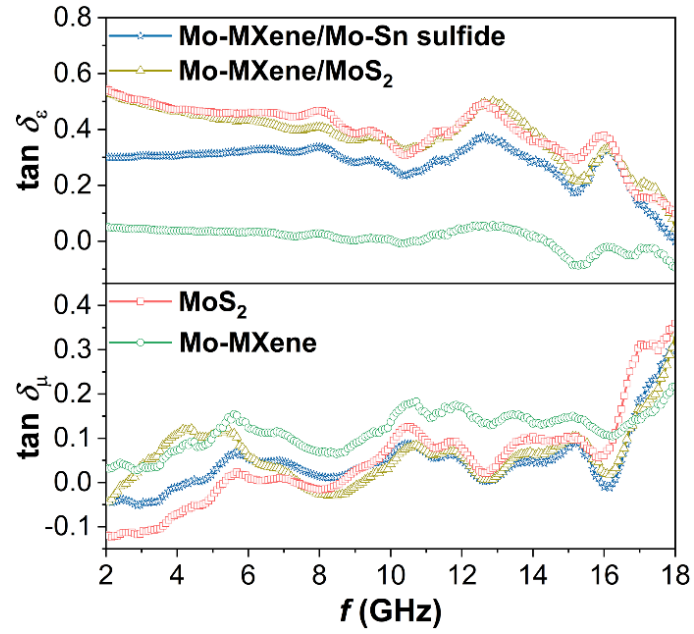


Fig. S24 $\tan \delta_\epsilon$ and $\tan \delta_\mu$ values of MoS_2 , Mo-MXene, Mo-MXene/ MoS_2 , and Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide

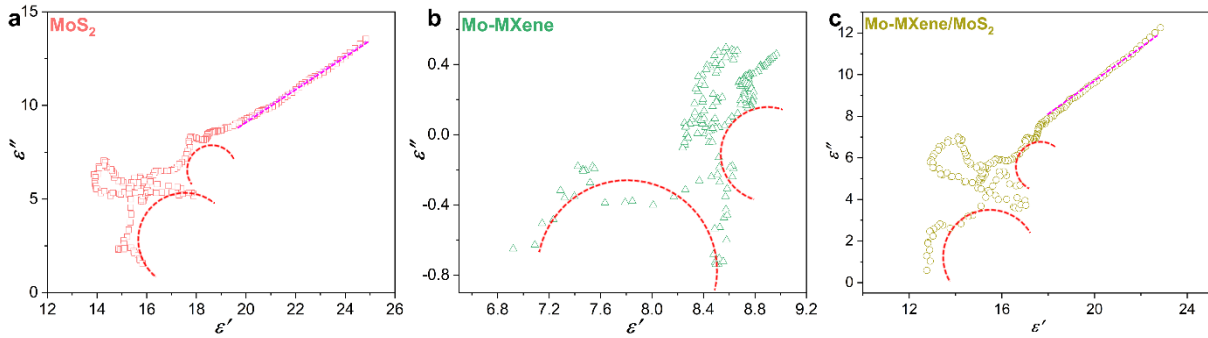


Fig. S25 ϵ' - ϵ'' curves of (a) MoS_2 , (b) Mo-MXene, and (c) Mo-MXene/ MoS_2

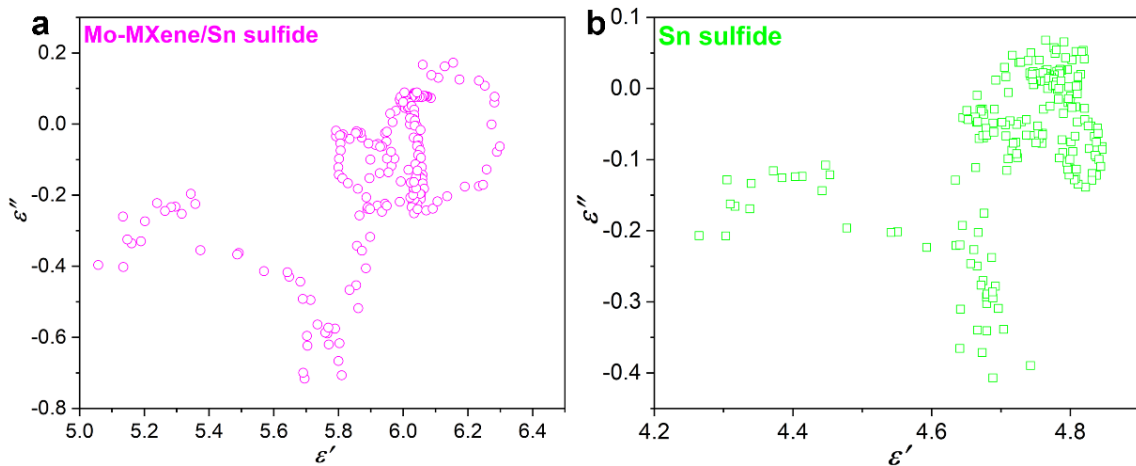


Fig. S26 ϵ' - ϵ'' curves of (a) Mo-MXene/Sn sulfide and (b) Sn sulfide

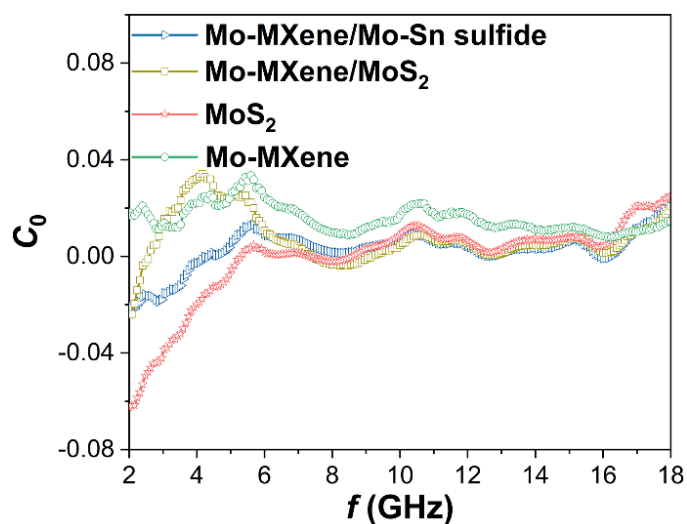


Fig. S27 C_0 values of MoS₂, Mo-MXene, Mo-MXene/MoS₂, and Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide

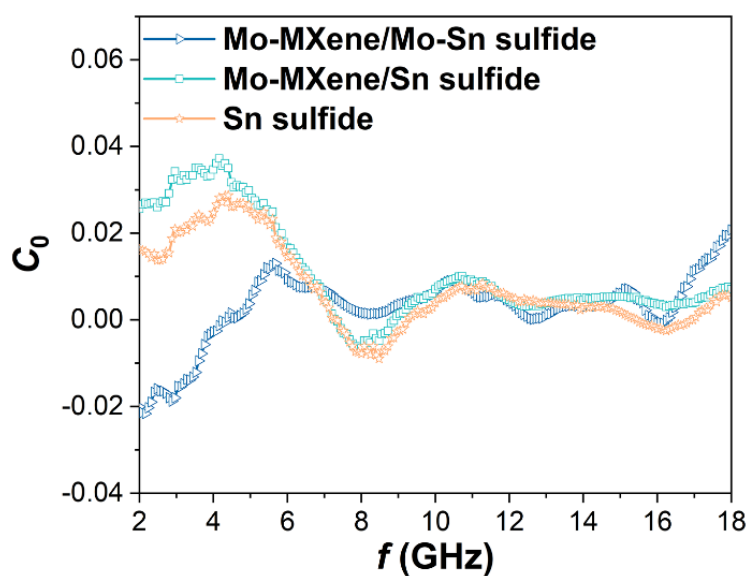


Fig. S28 C_0 values of Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide, Mo-MXene/Sn sulfide, and Sn sulfide

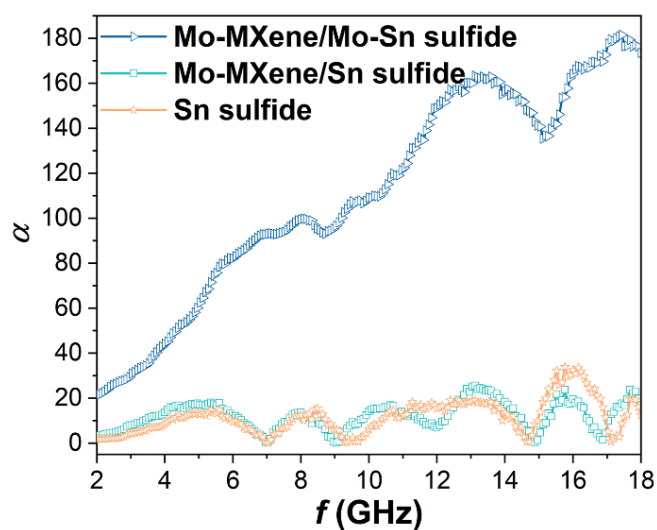


Fig. S29 α values of Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide, Mo-MXene/Sn sulfide, and Sn sulfide

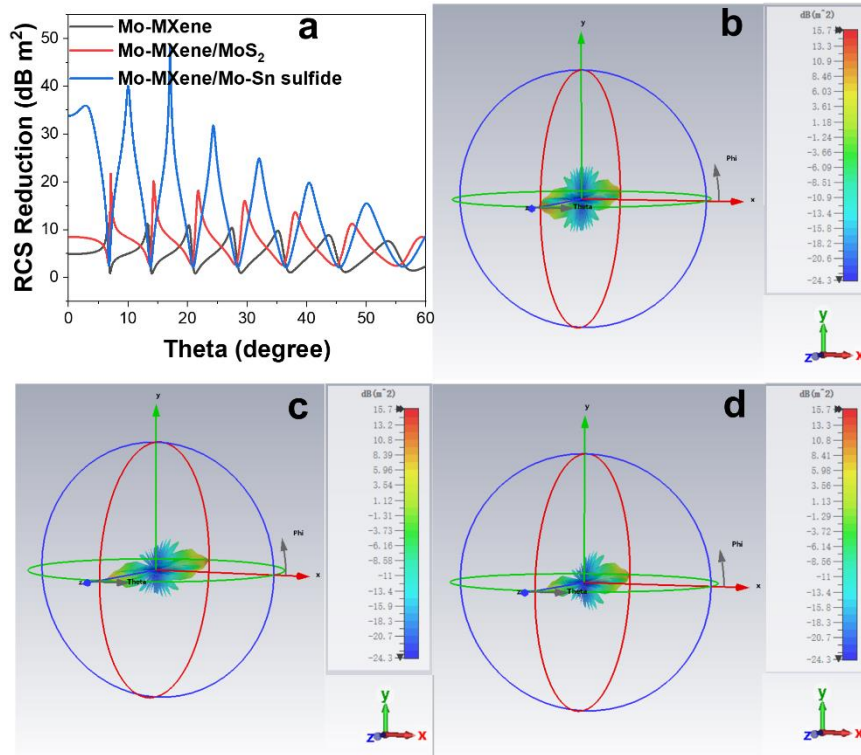


Fig. S30 (a) RCS reduction values of Mo-MXene, Mo-MXene/MoS₂, and Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide. CST simulation results of (b) PEC, PEC covered with (c) Mo-MXene, and (d) Mo-MXene/MoS₂

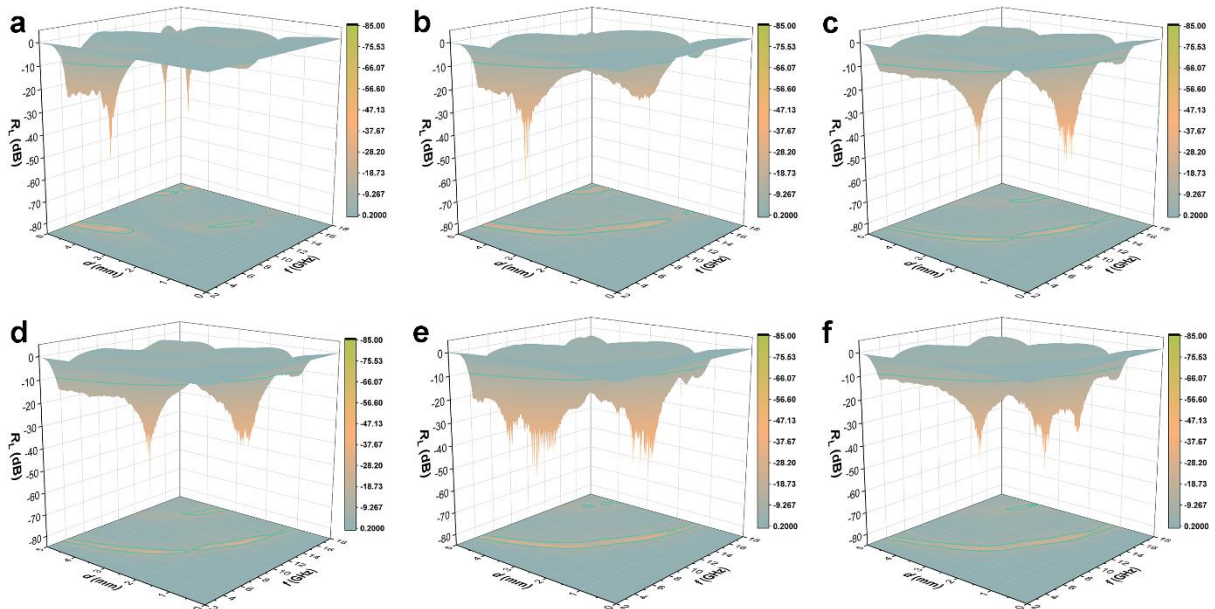


Fig. S31 3D R_L values of (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Fe sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mo-Mn sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Co sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Mo-Ni sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Mo-Zn sulfide, and (f) Mo-MXene/Mo-Cu sulfide

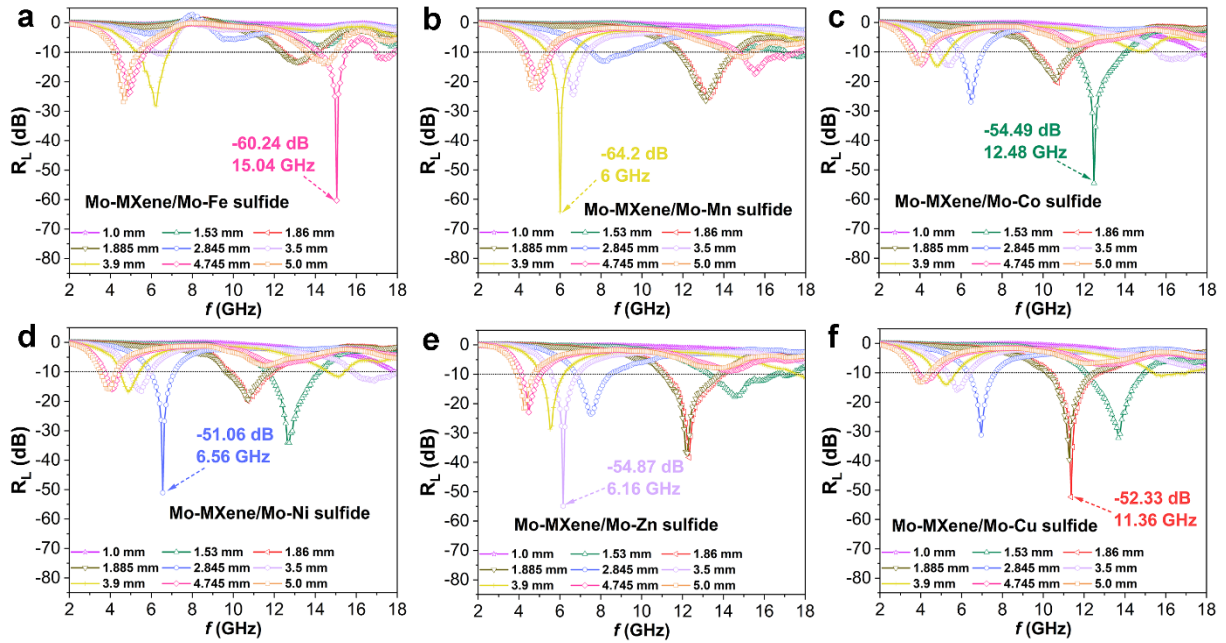


Fig. S32 2D R_L values of (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Fe sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mo-Mn sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Co sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Mo-Ni sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Mo-Zn sulfide, and (f) Mo-MXene/Mo-Cu sulfide

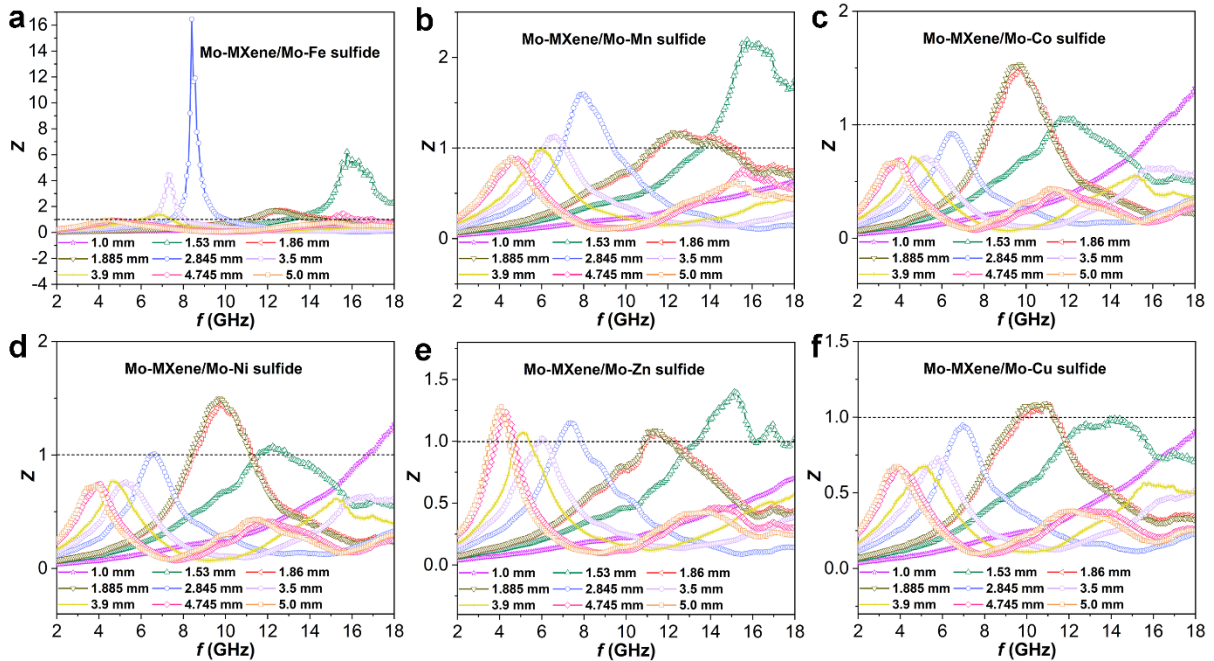


Fig. S33 Z values of (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Fe sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mo-Mn sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Co sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Mo-Ni sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Mo-Zn sulfide, and (f) Mo-MXene/Mo-Cu sulfide

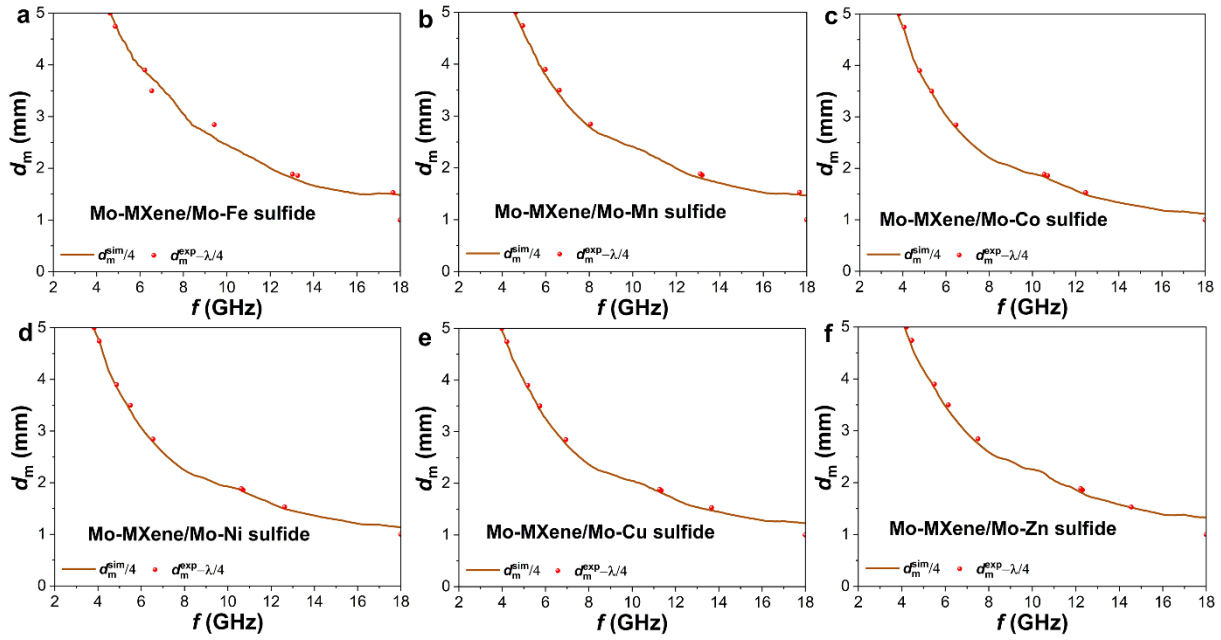


Fig. S34 Simulation of d_m (d_m^{sim}) vs. f_m curves for (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Fe sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mo-Mn sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Co sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Mo-N sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Mo-Zn sulfide, and (f) Mo-MXene/Mo-Cu sulfide

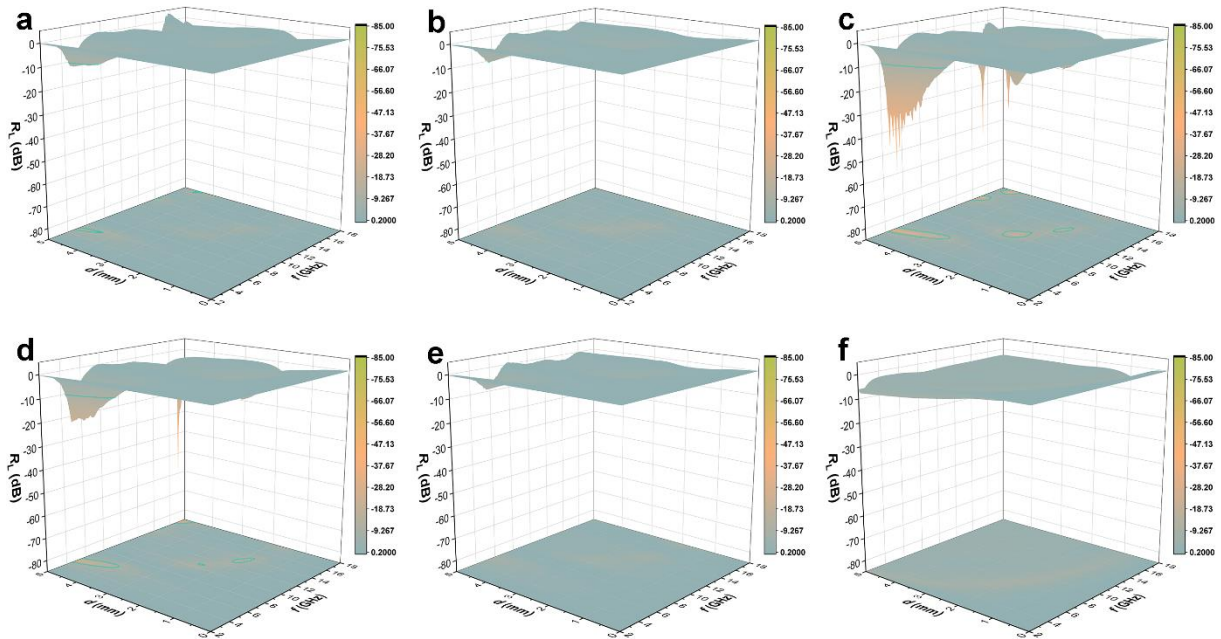


Fig. S35 3D R_L values of (a) Mo-MXene/Fe sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mn sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Co sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Ni sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Zn sulfide, and (f) Mo-MXene/Cu sulfide

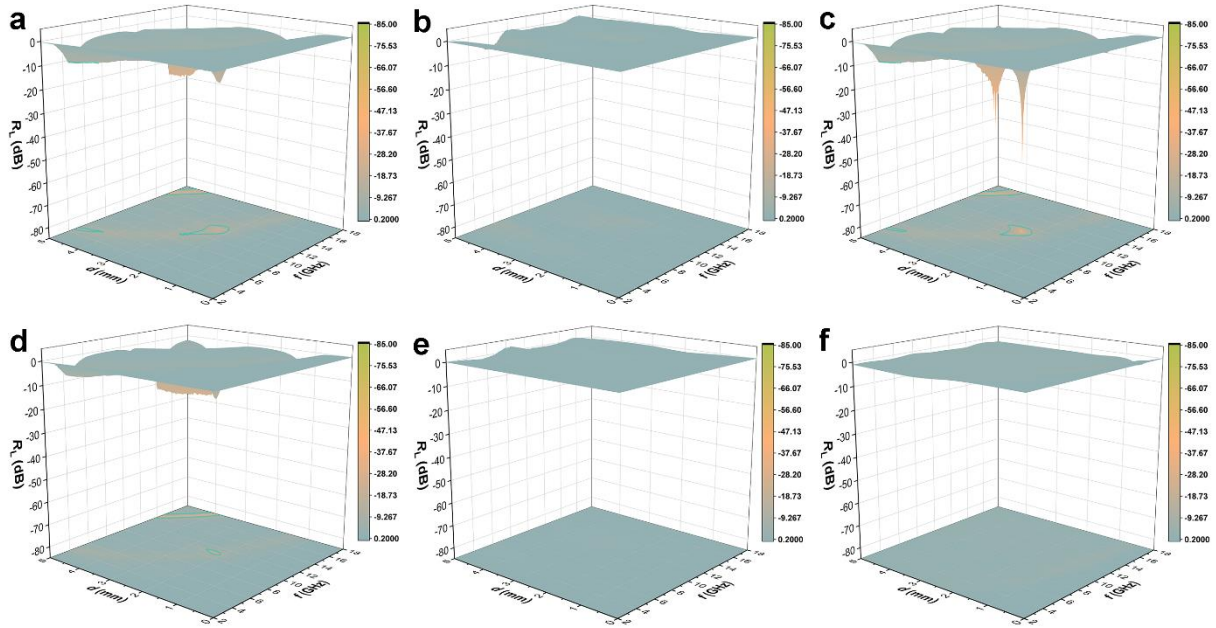


Fig. S36 3D R_L values of (a) Fe sulfide, (b) Mn sulfide, (c) Co sulfide, (d) Ni sulfide, (e) Zn sulfide, and (f) Cu sulfide

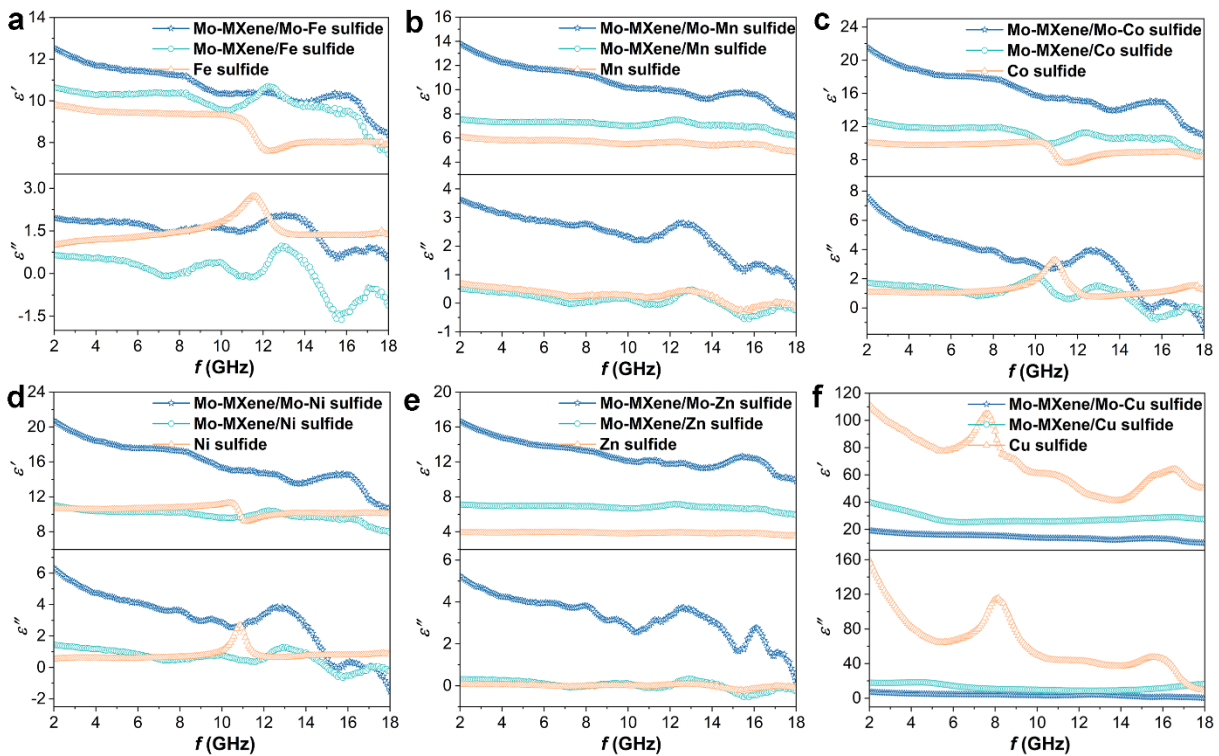


Fig. S37 Permittivity of (a) Fe system, (b) Mn system, (c) Co system, (d) Ni system, (e) Zn system, and (f) Cu system

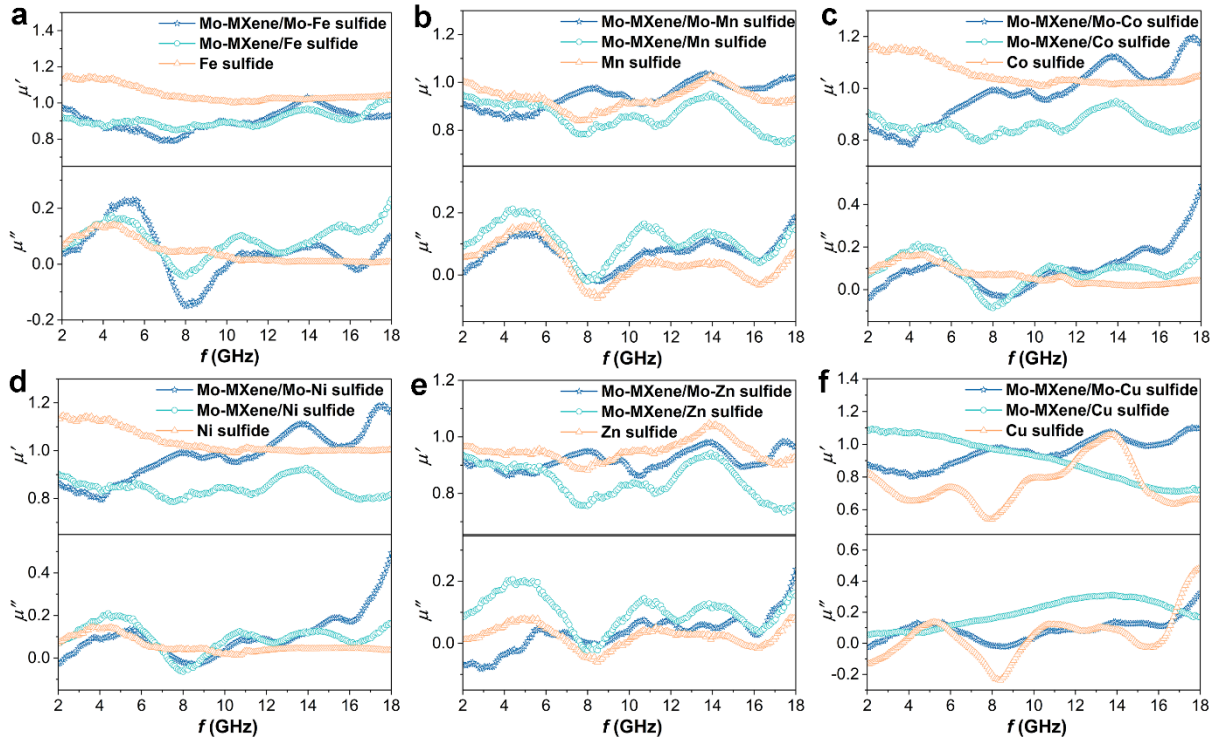


Fig. S38 Permeability of (a) Fe system, (b) Mn system, (c) Co system, (d) Ni system, (e) Zn system, and (f) Cu system

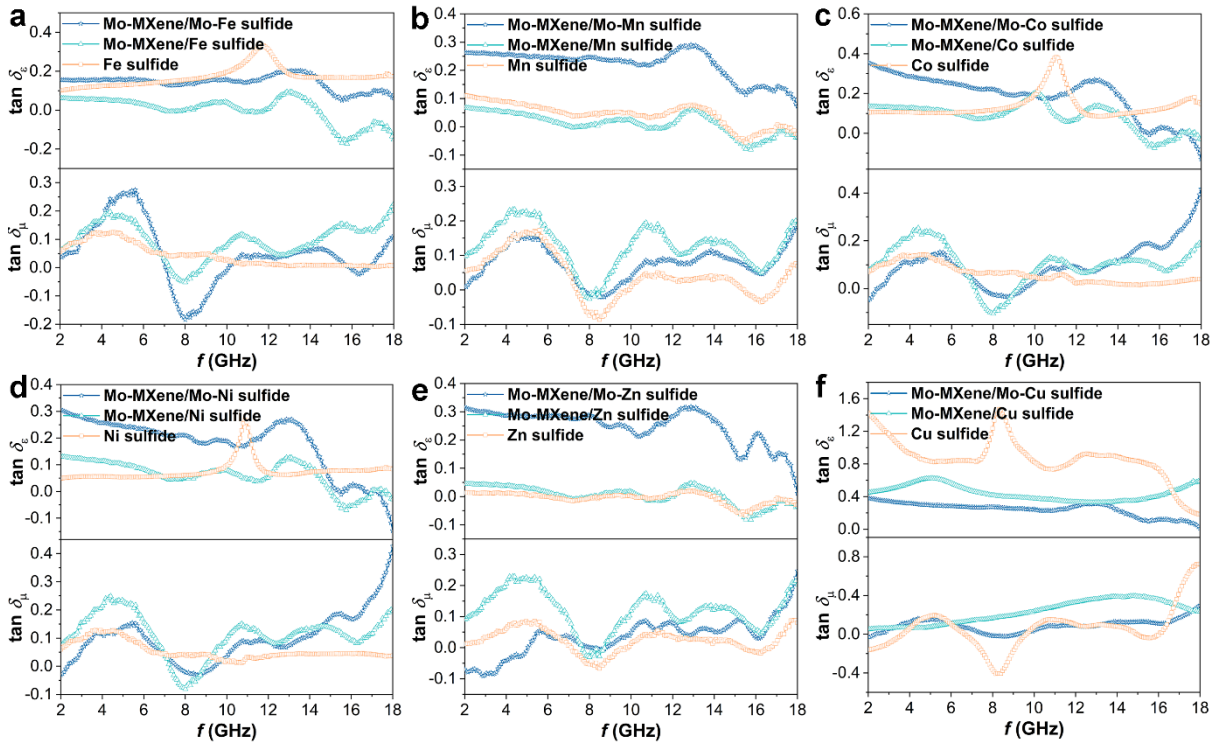


Fig. S39 $\tan \delta_\epsilon$ and $\tan \delta_\mu$ of (a) Fe system, (b) Mn system, (c) Co system, (d) Ni system, (e) Zn system, and (f) Cu system

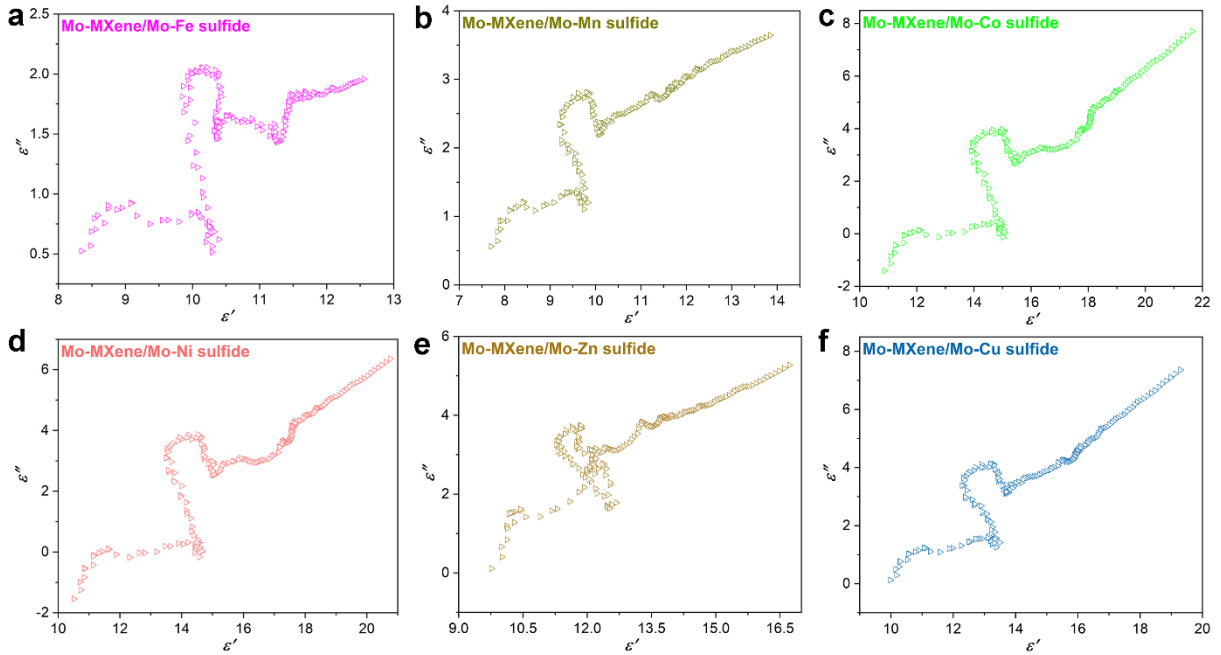


Fig. S40 ϵ' - ϵ'' curves of (a) Mo-MXene/Mo-Fe sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mo-Mn sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Co sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Mo-Ni sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Mo-Zn sulfide, and (f) Mo-MXene/Mo-Cu sulfide

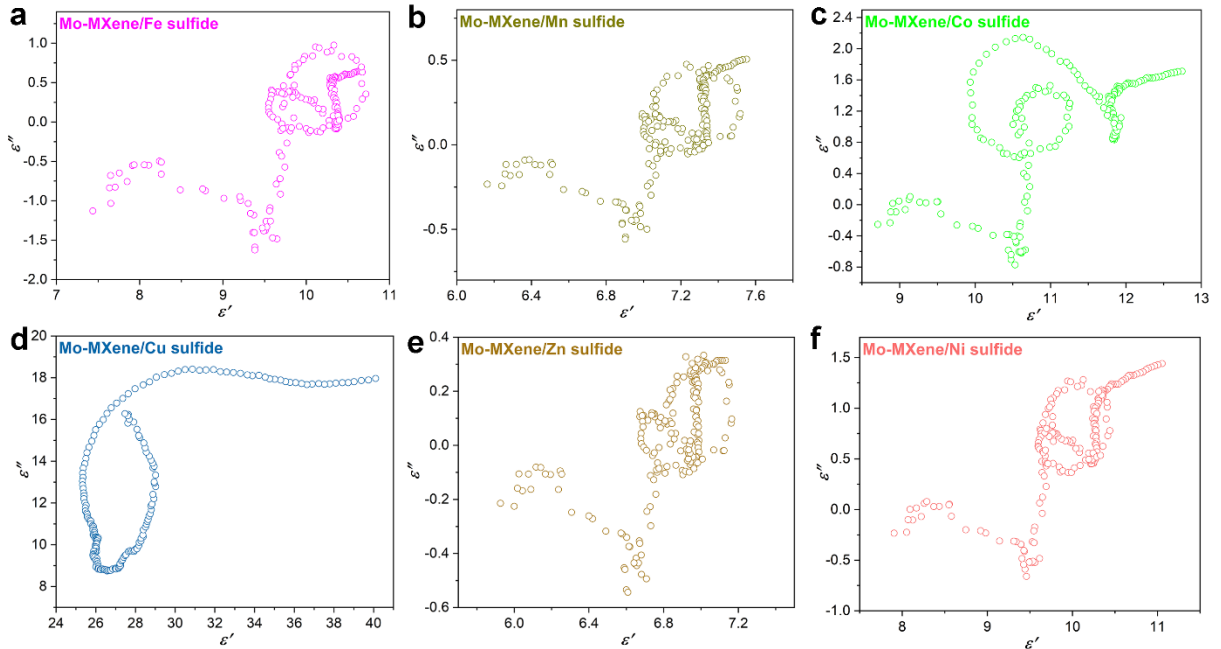


Fig. S41 ϵ' - ϵ'' curves of (a) Mo-MXene/Fe sulfide, (b) Mo-MXene/Mn sulfide, (c) Mo-MXene/Co sulfide, (d) Mo-MXene/Ni sulfide, (e) Mo-MXene/Zn sulfide, and (f) Mo-MXene/Cu sulfide

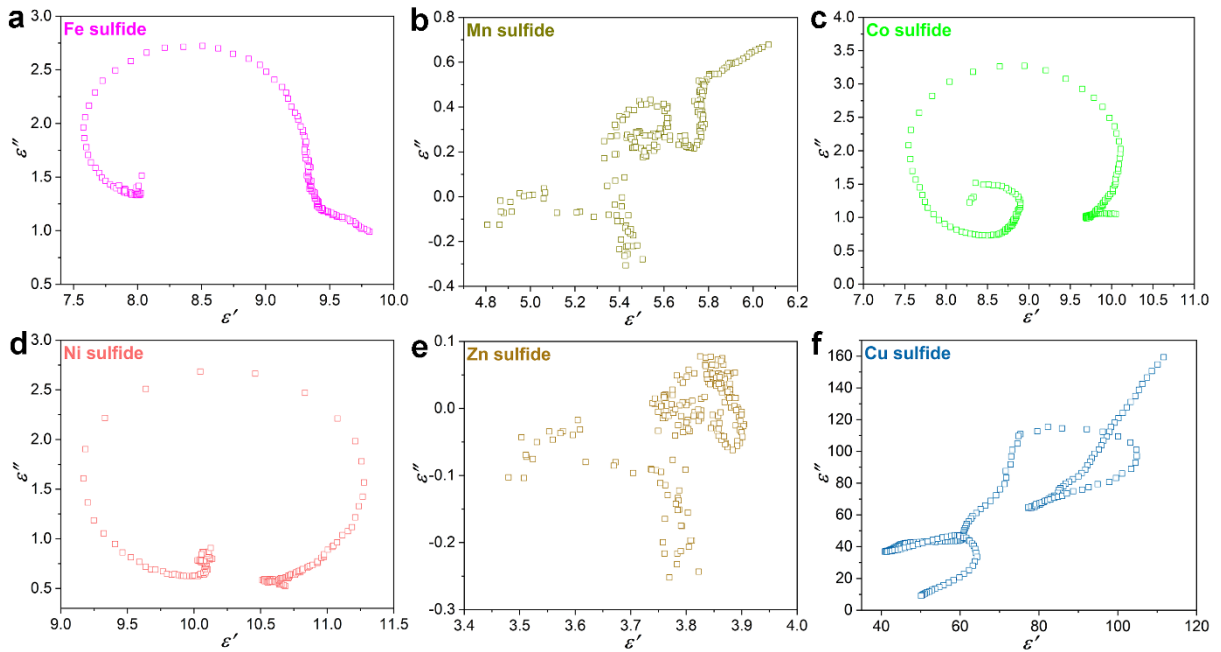


Fig. S42 ϵ' - ϵ'' curves of (a) Fe sulfide, (b) Mn sulfide, (c) Co sulfide, (d) Ni sulfide, (e) Zn sulfide, and (f) Cu sulfide

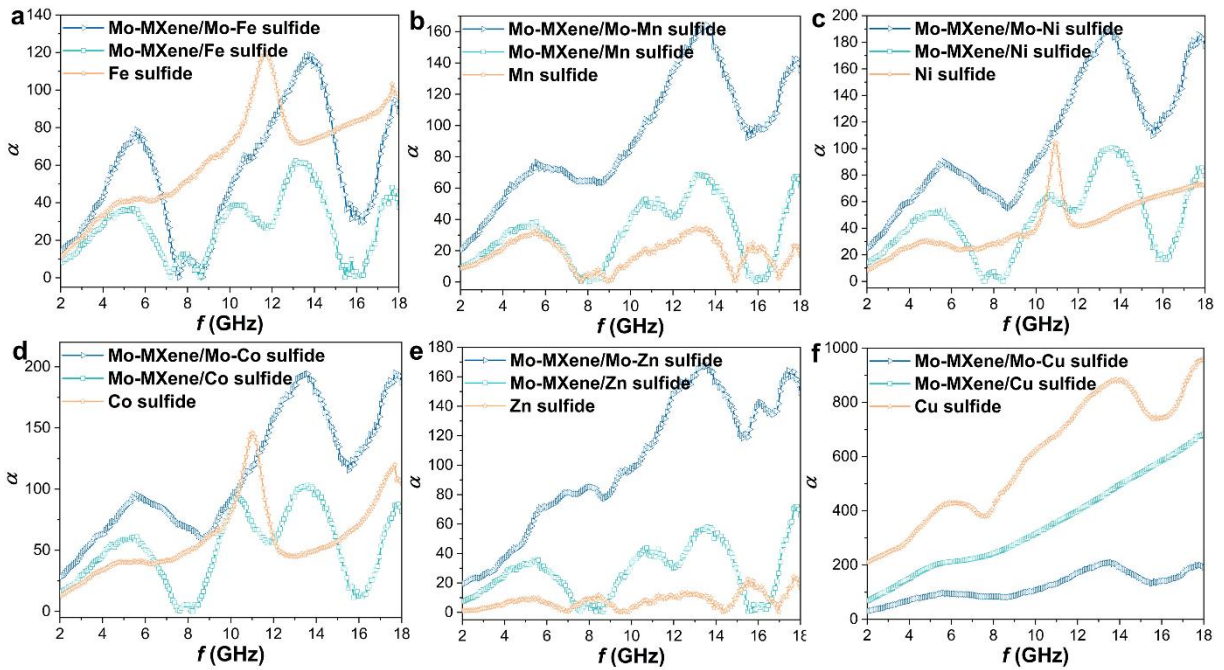


Fig. S43 Frequency dependence of α for (a) Fe system, (b) Mn system, (c) Co system, (d) Ni system, (e) Zn system, and (f) Cu system

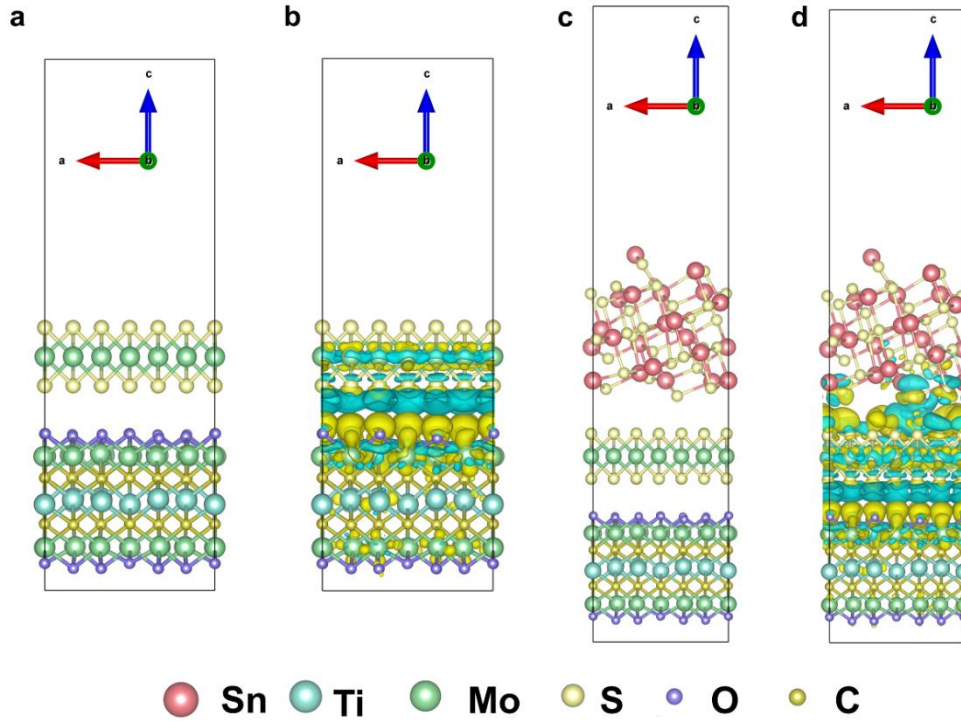


Fig. S44 Differential charge density of the (a,b) Mo-MXene/MoS₂ and (c,d) Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn-sulfide models, where the blue-green region represents electron consumption and the yellow region represents electron accumulation

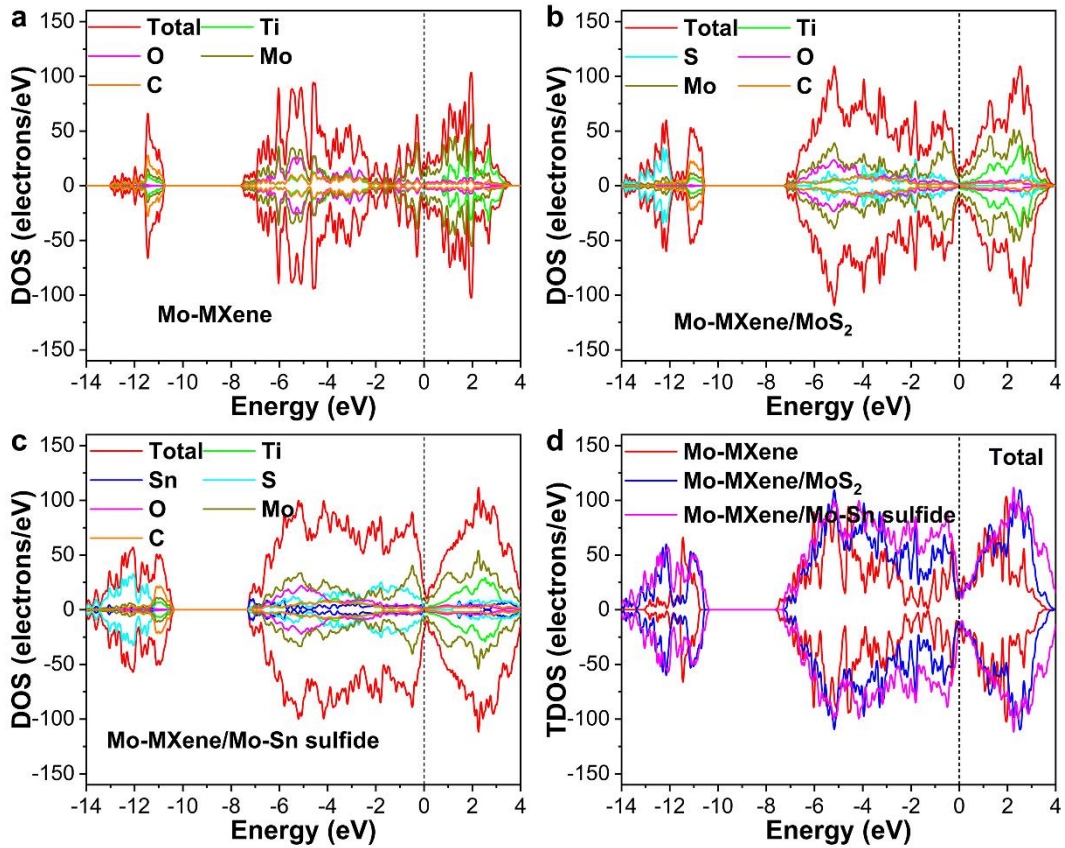


Fig. S45 DOS plots for (a) Mo-MXene, (b) Mo-MXene/MoS₂, and (c) Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide. (d) TDOS plots for different samples

Table S1 EMW absorption performance of Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide and recently advanced MXene-based absorbers

No.	Materials	Shapes	Thickness /mm	R_L /dB	Bandwidth (< -10 dB) /GHz	R_L/d /dB mm^{-1}	Refs
S1	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x @MoS ₂ @C	Nanosheets	4.80	-20.80	1.00	-4.33	[S8]
S2	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x	Layered	4.00	-27.50	3.00	-6.88	[S9]
S3	rGO/MXene/FeS	3D networks	4.78	-47.17	7.85	-9.87	[S10]
S4	FeNi/Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x	Layered	1.60	-16.96	6.20	-10.60	[S11]
S5	MXene nanoribbons-NiCo@NC	hierarchical network	4.82	-57.10	4.82	-11.85	[S12]
S6	Ti ₃ C ₂	Nanosheets	1.40	-17.00	6.00	-12.14	[S13]
S7	MoO ₃ /TiO ₂ /Mo ₂ TiC ₂ T _x	Layered	2.30	-30.76	8.60	-13.37	[S14]
S8	NiFe ₂ O ₄ /MXene	Nanosheets	2.90	-41.83	1.60	-14.42	[S15]
S9	MXene/Ni	Layered	3.50	-50.50	5.28	-14.43	[S16]
S10	MXene/PI	Aerogel	3.00	-45.40	3.70	-15.13	[S17]
S11	Mo ₂ TiC ₂ T _x MXene	Layered	1.60	-25.39	3.20	-15.87	[S18]
S12	CoO/NiCo ₂ O ₄ /MXene	Flower-like	2.90	-47.17	5.44	-16.27	[S19]
S13	MXene/C-CNTs	Microspheres	2.70	-45.00	4.90	-16.67	[S20]
S14	MXene@C	Nanosheets	2.80	-46.92	7.01	-16.76	[S21]
S15	MXene/Fe-MOFs	Sheets	3.00	-51.80	6.50	-17.27	[S22]
S16	GO/MXene/Fe ₃ O ₄	Microspheres	2.90	-51.20	4.70	-17.66	[S23]
S17	Co ₉ S ₈ /C/Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x	Flakes	2.51	-50.07	4.24	-19.95	[S24]
S18	Fe/MXene	3D networks	2.00	-40.30	1.40	-20.15	[S25]
S19	CoFe ₂ O ₄ -Ti ₃ C ₂	Layered	1.50	-30.90	8.50	-20.60	[S26]
S20	SiO ₂ @MXene@MoS ₂	Layered	2.40	-52.11	6.72	-21.71	[S27]
S21	rGO/MXene/TiO ₂ /Fe ₂ C	Flowers	3.10	-67.40	5.47	-21.74	[S28]
S22	MXene/FeCo	Film	2.00	-43.70	1.00	-21.85	[S29]
S23	Fe-doped Ti ₃ AlC ₂	Ternary layered	1.50	-33.30	3.90	-22.20	[S30]
S24	NiFe LDH/MXene	Sheet-fiber	2.50	-58.00	7.00	-23.20	[S31]
S25	MXene/MoS ₂	Nanosheets	2.00	-46.72	4.32	-23.36	[S32]
S26	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x /NiCo ₂ O ₄	Nanosheets	2.18	-50.96	0.88	-23.38	[S33]
S27	MXene-CNTs/Ni	Seed-germination-like	2.40	-56.40	2.00	-23.50	[S34]
S28	MXene-CNTs/Ni	Layered	2.40	-56.40	3.95	-23.50	[S34]
S29	rGO/Nb ₂ CT _x /Fe ₃ O ₄	Layered	2.50	-59.17	6.80	-23.67	[S35]
S30	NiS/MoS ₂ /Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x	Layered	2.40	-58.48	5.04	-24.37	[S36]
S31	Co/CNTs-MXene@CF	Nanotubes	2.52	-61.41	5.04	-24.37	[S37]
S32	NiCo/TiC/TiO/CNTs	Nanotubers	2.10	-51.98	7.76	-24.75	[S38]
S33	CNF/MXene	Loofah-like	2.50	-63.80	7.32	-25.52	[S39]
S34	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x MXene	Single-layer	1.70	-43.50	6.88	-25.59	[S40]
S35	M-SiC _{nw} /MXene	Fibers	1.58	-41.70	3.36	-26.39	[S41]
S36	NiFe ₂ O ₄ @SiO ₂ @MXene	Layered	2.00	-52.80	7.20	-26.40	[S42]

S37	MXenes/MnO ₂ /NiCo ₂ S ₄	Nanorods	2.17	-59.23	5.80	-27.29	[S43]
S38	MXene/Ni	Flowers	1.90	-52.70	3.90	-27.74	[S44]
S39	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x	Foam	1.80	-50.60	4.20	-28.11	[S45]
S40	MXene/RGO/CNCs	Nanosheets	2.56	-72.32	4.96	-28.25	[S46]
S41	MXene/Ni	Chain	1.75	-49.90	2.00	-28.51	[S47]
S42	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x @ZnO	Hollow spheres	2.00	-57.40	6.56	-28.70	[S48]
S43	Alk-Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x	Layered	1.70	-49.10	3.90	-28.88	[S49]
S44	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x MXene	Bowls	1.80	-53.80	4.20	-29.89	[S50]
S45	MXene/Ni	Chains	1.75	-52.47	7.00	-29.98	[S51]
S46	TiO ₂ /Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x /Fe ₃ O ₄	Layered	1.90	-57.30	2.00	-30.16	[S52]
S47	Co/ZnO@CMWCNTs/Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x	Flower-like	1.50	-46.00	4.00	-30.67	[S53]
S48	Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x /CNFs/TiO ₂ /CoNi	Layered	1.76	-54.60	4.00	-31.02	[S54]
S49	NiCo-LDH/MXene	Layered	2.00	-64.24	4.48	-32.12	[S55]
S50	MXene/CoNi/C	Fibers	1.60	-51.60	4.50	-32.25	[S56]
-	Mo-MXene/Mo-Sn sulfide	Layered	1.885	-70.60	3.92	-37.45	This work

Note: The exact R_L values, thickness, and bandwidth were not presented in some references, thus, those values were dug out according to the R_L -f curves.

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